# Raconteur





Scheduling technology for high-performance teams Access our exclusive report on candidate expectations, preferences and frustrations



Find out more at Unleash, Paris - Booth C221

# **FUTURE OF HR**

Distributed in THE TIMES



# Contributors

MarvLou Costa A business writer specialising in technology innovation, sustainability and the future of work. Her work has featured in The Guardian. The Observe Business Insider and others

Sam Forsdick

A Raconteur staff writer who has particular interests in technology and the future of work He has written for Press Gazette, the New State and I-CIO.com.

**Oliver Pickup** A multi-award-winning freelance journalist who specialises in covering business, technology, sport and culture.

# Raconteur

Zoe Verouti Reports editor Ian Deering

**James Sutton** 

Sarah Vizard Neil Cole

Christina Ryder

Commercial content editors Laura Bithell **Joy Persaud** 

Associate commercial edito **Phoebe Borwell** 

Although this publication is funded through advertising and sponsorship, all editorial is without bias and sponsored features are clearly labelled. For an upcoming schedule, partnership inquiries or feedback, please call +44 (0)20 3877 3800 or email info@raconteur.net Raconteur is a leading publisher of special-interest content and research. Its publications and articles cover a wide range of topics including business, finance, sustainability, healthcare, lifestyle and technology. Raconteur special reports are published exclusively in The Times and The Sunday Times as well as online at raconteur.net The information contained in this publication has been obtained from sources the Proprietors believe to be correct. However, no legal liability can be accepted for any errors. No part of this publication may be reproduced without the prior consent of the Publisher, © Raconteur Media

🗑 @raconteur in raconteur-media 🖸 @raconteur.stories

raconteur.net

# The M&A advisor of choice for HR Tech businesses globally



INVESTMENT BANKING FOR THE FUTURE OF WORK

## **Cath Everett**

A journalist with three decades of experience who specialises in leadership issues,

workplace, people and including what it means to be an ethical business

## Rich McEachran A freelance journalist

covering the intersection of business, technology and sustainability for publications ranging from B2B titles to Wired and The Guardian

# Liz Ryan

The founder-CEO of HR consultancy Human Workplace is a Raconteur columnist, podcast host and keynote speaker.

Head of productio Justvna O'Connell duction executive Sabrina Severino

Harry Lewis-Irlam Colm McDermott

Sara Gelfgren Kellie Jerrard Samuele Motta

Tim Whitlock

It's time for performance reviews at many firms. For those that can't afford big pay increases, investing in professional development and keeping communication open can help to keep employees engaged

# **Rich McEachran**

ENGAGEMENT

s their living costs continue to spiral, millions of employees in the UK are hoping for a big pay rise to offset the effects of high inflation. But such generosity may be neither practical nor sustainable for their employers, many of which are struggling in the cost-of-doing-business crisis.

Of the 900-plus people polled for the Q1 2023 salary survey published by recruitment firm Aspire, 23.5% said they had been awarded a pay increase in the previous year that matched the rate of inflation, which in March was 10.1%. Roughly the same proportion (24.4%) had received an increase of between 6% and 10%. The other 52.1% had seen their salaries increase by less than 6%. Inflation has eased a little since that survey was published, but it remains stubbornly high. The latest official figure (for June) as this report goes to press is 7.3%.

For firms that can't afford big pay rises, the challenge is how to prevent widespread disengagement.

Sophie Bryan is the founder of Ordinarily Different, an HR consultancy where she is chief workplace culture specialist. She points out professor of organisational psy- piled by the Institute of Directors that, given that HR's role is to advocate for employees' wellbeing and Manchester Business School. represent their interests to the management. HR chiefs should be exploring other solutions when pay rises are out of the question.

Research by Blackhawk Network of 500 HR decision-makers felt a sense of responsibility to support employees through the cost-ofliving crisis. Moreover, 86% said that this should be done through UK PAY RISES ARE FALLING FAR SHORT OF INFLATION the benefits packages they offered. Many HR decision-makers in the poll were supporting employees by offering them remote working options (especially helpful for those with costly commutes), subsidised food and free financial advice.

It may also be useful to help em ployees with their financial behaviour, particularly to manage their cash flow so that they don't have to dip into their reserves and then wait until the end of each month to reclaim. That's the view of Jane-Emma Peerless, director of people at Caxton, a fintech firm specialising in payments. Some businesses might find a better approach is to offer employees interest-free loans that can be recouped through payroll over several months, she adds,



A further option is to consider | by themselves won't be enough to being flexible about terms and prevent employees from leaving if timeframes. Moving to fortnightly they feel undervalued. salary payments, for example, could give people peace of mind that they can pay their monthly In June, for instance, the Directors' bills on time, says Sir Cary Cooper. chology and health at Alliance

"It's an effective solution in the right environment, but isn't a one- lowest level since last December. size-fits-all solution." he stresses.

may assuage people's worries about published in March found that 69% their ability to make ends meet. helping to retain their commitment to the business. But such measures | security because it reassures them

April 2018

The uncertain economic climate is affecting business confidence. Economic Confidence Index comrecorded its biggest month-overvear decline since the Russian invasion of Ukraine, slumping to its Such pessimism can easily filter out Flexible payment terms and perks to employees who, in turn, will feel less secure in their jobs.

"Investing in employee development eradicates some of that in-



April 2023

that they have a vital role in the future of the business," Cooper says. "It gives them the motivation to push themselves and keep striving for more. And that will only make them more productive when they're at work."

Peerless recommends highlighting career and pay paths, noting that it's "important to break through inertia and give clarity on progress". When employees can see what pay and success look like at each level in the business, they can get a real sense that progression is possible, she adds. This gives them a target to work towards, even if pay has temporarily been frozen. If they see that there is clear room for growth, they're more likely to stick around.

Long-term staff retention requires talent development and upskilling and reskilling. But, while a recent survey of 200 HR chiefs by BIE Executive found a willingness to invest in training, with 86% of respondents deeming it crucial, half were concerned about the cost.

If companies are unable to invest enough in learning and development in the short term, there's a significant risk that people could leave in numbers. For this reason, it's crucial that businesses commu nicate effectively with employees.

This needn't require a complete shift in the HR-employee relationship. Brvan says. It calls for open dialogue, active listening and empathy, so that employees know that their concerns are being heeded.

For starters. HR chiefs need to make it clear exactly why pay rises cannot be awarded at the moment, says Rita Fontinha, associate professor of strategic HR management at Henley Business School.

"When people believe such decisions are unjustified and their employers are using the cost-of-living crisis as an excuse, they're more likely to withdraw," she warns

Peerless would advise any HR chief to give regular company-wide updates on the business's financial health and performance, explaining how cost pressures may affect pay decisions. This will build trust with employees, who will then have clarity and, potentially, a timeline of when they might reasonably expect to see that delayed pay rise.

Cooper sums it up neatly: "The most important thing is to talk to employees, present them with different options and ask what works best for them. Quite often, they will come up with the best ideas." 🔴



# OPINION

# Any employer forcing staff back to HQ is its own worst enemy

Covid obliged millions of organisations to trust their employees to operate remotely. In nearly every instance, their faith was repaid. What value is there in re-exerting control over where people work?

# Liz Ryan, CEO, Human Workplace



but employees don't want to One CEO recently told me: "Our culture is just better when everyone is in the same room.

I can understand the rationale, but it doesn't hold water. Employees worked from home for nearly three years in many cases - and their companies made more money than ever. It's hard to make a credible argument that your business needs all its people back together in one place

Everyone in business knows the old saying: "We measure what we but a lot of people do care about care about." Companies measure skipping the commute and staying revenues and profits, units sold and units returned – not culture. Some conduct confidential employee surveys, although most people don't skills shortages that several West believe these actually are confiden- ern nations are enduring could last tial. In any case, if you have to make vears. Now is not the time to drive a survey confidential or anonymous talented people away from your to encourage people to tell the truth firm by imposing pointless rules.

siness leaders are frus- | about how they feel about working trated. They want employ- for you, something is broken I've been a Fortune 500 HR chief and have been advising business leaders for 20 years, so don't be offended when I say that you are vour own worst enemy if vou're trying to force people back to HQ. Let go of the idea that your employees cannot do their jobs re motely. They have just proved that they can. You cannot win this bat tle. If you're still trying to do so, you're out of step and embarrassing yourself. Not every job can be done at home and not every employee wants to work remotely, of course, home. They care about it a lot. The Society for Human Resource

Management has forecast that the



Don't kill the vibe your firm runs on. Let employees come back to the office in whatever way makes the most sense for them

If you're a CEO, I want you to suc- | they can support their colleagues resentful. If you really want to persuade people to return, you'll have to do it with honey, not vinegar.

knew that there was no reason to:

- that's been out of date for ages.
- same time. If you aren't running is grudging compliance. You, your a production line, say, let people come and go when it's convenient for them.
- achieve great things.
- management style that's a legacy of the industrial revolution. It's and employee-friendly as possible. over. The only power that employobey them is the power of disabout that possibility because such power is much diminished.

about using their expertise to make want to, no one can beat you. something cool happen, about each other and about the customers.

The pandemic opened many off- | free, good for business and empow ice workers' eves. They know they ering for everyone in the organisa can do their jobs well, reduce their tion when the CEO can relax in the stress, save on dry-cleaning bills knowledge that their greatest power and enjoy a better quality of life is their ability to attract amazing operating remotely. They know that  $\mid$  people and keep them.

ceed. I want your business to thrive and customers while working from and your employees to have great home, where they can water their experiences. I want them to be plants, throw in a load of laundry excited about working for you, not accept deliveries and greet their children arriving from school bet ween conference calls.

If you try to force an unwelcome Even before the Covid crisis, we and unnecessary return to the office on people who are described in your • Persist with a formal dress code annual report as "our greatest asset and the lifeblood of our company" Require everyone to work at the the best outcome you can hope for customers and your shareholders deserve more than that.

Don't kill the vibe your firm runs Organise your business around on. Let employees come back to the metrics that take the fun out of a office in whatever way makes the meaty assignment. You can't talk most sense for them – only for key of the importance of spontaneity meetings, for instance, You already without accepting that spontan- trust them to run your business. The eity is not possible when jobs are next step is to trust them to decide chopped into tiny bits, each corre- for themselves where they'll be most sponding to a key performance productive. Your people have choiindicator. That is not how people ces. They could work anywhere, but they choose to work for you. Make Cling to a command-and-control their choices easy ensuring that your company is as adult, evolved

Making your workplace a magnet ers possess to make employees | for talent is by far your greatest competitive edge. Apart from a culmissal. If people aren't worried | ture of trust and community, what other advantages can an organisa they could easily find another job, tion sustain? Rivals can match and surpass any technological innova Let go of all these relics. Let go of tion your company might come up the need to control people to inspire with. They can do the same to a them to do amazing things. You | financial advantage it might gain. can't force your employees to care Such things are fleeting. If your about their jobs. But, if their envi- | firm is a great place to work for peoronment allows it, they will care - | ple who could work anywhere they

Here's the best part: leading through trust costs nothing. It's

upskilling is strong

vacancies around the world, such are currently most difficult to fill. This talent shortage appears to have various undercurrents. On one hand, demand for attendant skills and capabilities. According to information servalue is expected to hit \$736.3 bn this vear. But with a predicted compound annual growth rate of 16.3%, this figure is likely to jump to \$1,159 bn by 2026.

approach to hiring, giving way to and advisory firm Gallup.

ers questioned across 19 countries, including the UK and the US, indicated they were open to hiring workers with non-degree credentials, such as industry certifications, the report revealed a notable disconnect between claims and actions.

Key among these findings, 36% of equivalent qualification for entrycut in terms of qualifications.

# In with the new: how training can transform the business

Although most employers still prefer to hire computer science graduates for tech roles, the case for a broad approach to recruitment and

better or worse, the significance of digital skills has grown to almost mythic proportions over the last decade or so. With five million cloud computing job roles now top the list of positions that

On the other hand, many employ-

what AWS coins a "self-imposed skills gap" in its Global Digital Skills Although as many as 75% of employ-

employers admitted to preferring a bachelor's degree or postsecondary level jobs that required digital skills. Similarly, half of all international jobs advertised with digital skill require-

science degrees over otherwise identical jobseekers without. But this hard-line stance means busi nesses are fishing in an increasingly shallow talent pool. Perhaps, writes Maureen Lonergan, VP, training and certification at AWS, it's time for a new approach

# Keeping an eye on potential

the global market for cloud computing | Existing employees can sometimes is growing apace, generating increased be neglected as a source of talent despite often having adjacent, trans ferrable skills. Not to mention vices firm GlobalData, the sector's entry-level tech staff could be ripe for upskilling too.

Many start in roles such as techn cal support, troubleshooting, quality assurance, testing or remediation work. But they could be retrained to ers take an all too conventional take on more complex and challeng ing tasks over time.

"Starting new hires out with these types of tasks helps them gain mas Study in partnership with analytics | tery of the overall tech stack, sets them up to progress in their career. and before long, they are ready to take on more complex and challeng ing work over time," Lonergan notes Organisations can build up high skilled employees to fit their bus ness needs, and, in turn, individual can start to carve out a path fo their own career progression, which can do wonders for retention Lonergan explains

She points to AWS Skill Builder, learning and development option for cloud computing that provides employees with access to more than 600 free courses, which cover over ments expressed a partiality for 30 AWS services and include certifi degrees. But only 31% of workers cation training as a means of sup with advanced digital skills made the | porting these important aims.

When asked to select between two | The benefits of certification training hypothetical candidates for a tech Upon migrating to AWS to meet the job, employers nearly always growing demand of its 5.4 million favoured candidates with computer | customers for digital products,



Vietnam's Techcombank, found that it needed to address its cloud computing-related skills gaps. With that, it established a second key aim: shifting the entire organisation's culture to one of continuous learning.

More than 2,800 employees under took over 4,000 pieces of AWS Skill Builder-based training alongside 105 classroom sessions. The move saw provisioning time fall from more than a month to just five days, enabling the bank to undertake more frequent application updates and deliver product prototypes to market faster.

Another organisation that profited from training technology generalists to become cloud specialists is cloud computing consultancy and AWS partner. Cloudreach. After seeing demand for its services grow exponentially, the firm decided it needed a new approach to recruitment - not least due to the AWS, but its staff across Europe high price tag associated with hiring in advanced cloud skills.

To this end, it created the Cloudreach Talent Academy to

Organisations can build up highly skilled employees to fit their business needs, and, in turn, individuals can start to carve out a path for their own career progression

transform people with little or no technical background into fuly-fledged cloud developers within two years.

"By widening our talent pool, we not only tackled the talent crisis but continued to live by our values of creating an environment that nurtures talent," says Poonam Flammarion, head of the academy

## The future is transformative

Lonergan argues that supporting employee training can yield dividends in the long run. Businesses that fund employees' exams and certifications could experience roductivity gains and increased nnovation and retention

She points to Comcast's Sky Group Ltd. The media and telecoms conglomerate was keen to migrate to acked the requisite skills

So, it selected various certification courses to encourage employee commitment to training and boost proficiency. 94% passed their certifi cation exam - a resounding success and the company has committed to running biannual certification preparation training for workers.

This kind of learning approach can have positive ripple effects beyond the tech team. Volkswagen, for instance, has invested in creating a cloud-centric framework to boost cloud knowledge and skills across its finance, sales, HR, marketing and even admin departments. Th upshot? Greater cross-team collab oration and a faster time to marke for its products.

But it does not stop there. As has become clear, generative AI has the potential to considerably boost organisations' efficiency, productivity, and ability to innovate Jnsurprisingly then, three quarters plan to adopt big data, cloud computing, and AI over the next five years, according to the World Economic Forum's 2023 Future of Jobs report With it, demand for suitable exper tise will rise exponentially too.

Lonergan affirms that sooner or later, businesses will need to get on board with advances in Al and machine learning. AWS has piloted a raft of newly-announced innovaions in the space to offer learners decision-makers and its partners nore than 80 Al and ML courses and earning resources to navigate the new normal'. The company's online platforms, AWS Skill Builder and AWS Educate, are targeted at new to-cloud learners of varying backrounds and experiences

In other words, whether it's building owledge and practical skills to pre pare for tomorrow's technological nvironment, learning the ins and outs of deploying generative AI or poosting productivity across the ousiness, training is at the hear f transformation

## For more information, visit training.resources.awscloud.com/ workforce-transformation



TRUST

# Can HR crack its credibility problem?

The profession's trustworthiness seems to be waning on the shop floor, with some experts suggesting that it has lost touch with employees in its bid for a seat at the top table

# **Cath Everett**

he HR profession has al- | if they had a serious problem with correctly, receive the training they require and have somewhere to air grievances in confidence, for instance, it ultimately serves the needs of the employer.

In recent times, though, ques tions have been raised about whether it's been getting this tricky balance right. Research published 2022 suggests that, at the very least, the profession has an image problem. When conflicts inevitably arise from time to time between their interests and those of their employer, people understand that HR won't be on their side, but the study reveals that most workers.



It's not that employees don't trust their HR teams. It's that they trust their managers more, as they interact with them more often

veremark

ways had a tightrope to a colleague's behaviour, "would walk. Although it exists to rather reach out to most anyone ensure that employees are paid before turning to someone in HR". This apparent lack of trust poses a challenge for the profession, which generally considers its goals to be twofold: to have a seat at the top table to advise business leaders on cultural matters and to speak up for employees while in that position. Caroline Walsh, managing vicepresident at Gartner's HR practice. by Harvard Business Review in Q4 is not surprised that people are becoming less willing to approach HR for help. She believes that this is mainly because the function's remit has become more complex and strategic in recent years.

> "It's not that employees don't trust their HR teams. It's that they trust their managers more, as they interact with them more often." Walsh argues.

It's a view broadly shared by Chris Brook-Carter, CEO of the Retail Trust, a charity looking after the wellbeing of the sector's 3 millionplus workers.

"An employee's first port of call should be their line manager. I don't think it's HR's role to deal with their day-to-day challenges," he says. "Its role is to ensure that the culture of the business facilitates open conversations and that line managers are equipped to have supportive discussions with their staff."







Brook-Carter adds that the "real battle isn't about whether people trust HR or not. It's about ensuring that employees remain at the top of the board's agenda. If HR hasn't got the ear of the CEO or CFO, it doesn't matter how trusted it is. It won't effect real change."

Kate Palmer, director of HR ad vice at employment law consultancy Peninsula UK, believes that nurturing trust is a vital part of the profession's role, as this forms the basis of any constructive relation ship. In her experience, the level of trust tends to vary from employ-

> er to employer based on how the function is positioned.

She explains: "Some busi nesses will simply use the HF department to swoop in if there's a problem or redundancies need to be made. They see it as a reactive. firefighting team that sits on a different floor, which is where mis trust can come in."

Palmer notes that the behaviour of line managers can sometimes erode employees' trust in HR too.

"You hear managers saving: 'HE told me to tell you this,' rather than owning their own decisions," she says. "This can create a silo mentality, with employees thinking that HR is awful.

Another problem is that line managers tend to front wellbeing schemes and other positive devel opments, such as celebratory events, even though such things are usually organised by HR. The upshot is that the function's role in these gets overlooked, while the faces of these initiatives are happy to take the credit

Craig McCoy, an interim HR director and chair of the London HR Connection networking forum, believes that the trust problem goes deeper still. In its pursuit of a seat at the top table, the profession has "gone too far" in identifying with employers, he says.

As a result, there is "widespread distrust of the HR function. It's broadly seen as being much more employer- than employee-centric being there more to serve the needs of the organisation and less to represent those of employees.'

A key factor underlying all this McCoy believes, is that HR has been under intense pressure to prove its worth in recent years. To do so, it has focused its policies on adding value to the business - for instance, by finding ways to boost employees' productivity. In some cases, HR professionals have lost their connection with the workforce because they spend too long

# **Download the**



Veremark.com

# How is background screening transforming the future of hiring?

A guide to maintaining a safe, happy, and productive environment in the workplace evolution free guide today



ing to Palmer

their work is like.'

Background screening and pre-hire checks to help the world trust faster



from the shop floor

ing to change.'

Another factor is that there's been a long-running "obsession with status and a feeling of inferiority compared with functions such as finance", he adds. "The chief people officer generally hasn't been on the board whereas the CFO has, although that's start-

HR's recent elevation has resulted from a realisation among firms since Covid that a people centred approach is "critical to business success", as they continue to face skills shortages and high churn rates, according to McCoy. This is leading the profession to accept that "it must inject more of the 'human' back into HR to address these challenges".

Walsh observes that most practitioners will find it tricky to balance serving as both a leadership adviser and an emplovee advocate. "I wouldn't want HR to take a step back from the boardroom, but you need to have your ear to the ground too, so it's a difficult job," she says, "It takes a lot of discipline to continually push for feedback on how the culture is doing and how best to interpret measurements." Technology can help HR here by gauging sentiment among employees and gathering actionable insights based on their responses. Walsh advocates supplementing these with more qualitative in formation arising from focus groups and meaningful disc cussions with line managers. McCoy believes that it's necessary to take things a step further, arguing that "HR people need to be seen and they need to understand the workforce better. Doing a shift on the front line can bring about a couple of benefits. It reminds you of what the organisation actually does, while employees also see that you're committed to understanding what

A further consideration is being seen to take decisive action should the behaviour of individuals, particularly senior executives, deviate from the company's stated ethics. "HR should be custodian of the values of the organisation, intervening if things go off track. But it often shies away from that for political reasons," McCoy says. "This has a negative impact on views of the function's integrity and does nothing to show that it's employee-centric." This issue of perception is key

and it tends to be something the profession doesn't put enough time and energy into managing, accord-

"HR doesn't market itself verv well sometimes, but that has become a fundamental part of the job," she argues. "This means it's important to be authentic and show your human self, especially when so



posts. As Palmer points out: "Get ting to know someone is an impor tant foundation for trusting them. Another idea involves highlight ing what the team does for every one, claiming credit where it's due

"It's a great way to increase fami liarity with the department's good work, from implementing financial wellbeing policies to providing supmany people are working remotely port for people's mental health," she says. "Such schemes all have a posi-One idea for humanising the HR | tive effect on employees, but they team would be to share details about don't necessarily get attributed to members' interests outside work, HR. Celebrating these successes perhaps in the form of internal blog can therefore help to build trust."



# How to forge employee engagement

New ways of working require new solutions for good communication in the workforce. It all starts with recharging the trust battery

he modern workforce is not in a good place. It's unproductive. Nearly half of employees (41%) feel stressed at work, with one in five even experiencing anger, according to Gallup's 2023 State of the Workplace Report.

Our teams and management structures aren't working that well either. Less than half of employees (43%) report a positive team environment defined as how team members value each other's contributions, care about others' wellbeing and have input into decision-making, results from a 2021 survey on psychological safety by McKinsey & Co reveal.

This means many employees are leaving jobs or actively looking for new roles, at a time when organisations are already facing talent shortages Many of those who do stay are `quiet quitting', being physically present but psychologically disengaged from work and colleagues

66 The problem with the solutions we've tried is that they take a one-size-fits-all approach

The result? A productivity and engagement crisis. According to unhappy, disengaged and Gallup's survey, the UK has some of Europe's lowest employee engagement (10%), while low employee engagement costs the global economy \$8.8tr (£6.7tn) each year.

But employee engagement is a cha enge that organisations have been rving to solve for many years, whether through incentives, performance management, coaching or a variety of HR nanagement technologies.

"The problem with the solution we've tried is that thev take a onesize-fits-all approach. They assume that everyone in a business can be reated in a particular way and that a desired result will occur," says Luke McKeever, CEO at applied people sci ence leader Thomas

"However, this approach isn't work ng. Things are getting worse. We pelieve that the only way to resolve this is to equip the individual in a way that helps them become better engaged and connected with their colleagues and their companies," he adds

Corporate initiatives on engageme tend to be treated as singular projects that move in and out of favour depending on the importance of other organisational issues. To truly chalenge the engagement problem, solutions need to be embedded into the culture of an organisation, with mar gement and employees both bought , argues McKeever.

To achieve this, Thomas has created a new category of workforce solution called team interaction optimisation (TIO). The system works by allowing individuals to build a detailed under standing of their aptitudes behav ioural styles and communication preferences through Thomas' prover people science insights.

With user consent, these individual profiles can then be shared with coleagues throughout a team or organisation, giving valuable insights into how individuals like to communicate how they engage with information and how to get the best from any interaction. The idea is to forge better working relationships that are built on trust through an authentic understanding of the preferences, behaviours and needs of each individual

`Say you have an online video meet ing. TIO will be able to tell you how the people you are speaking to like to be ommunicated with. It tells you which ndividuals need room to speak, who may need a follow-up call. You have these strong guides on the people you're speaking with, and they have the same on vou," says McKeever

Each positive interaction builds trust between employees, allowing them to be more open, collaborative and understanding of their colleagues. With increased trust comes better osychological safety, leading to more reative conversations and the sharing of innovative ideas. It also gives individals the confidence to be themselves. notivating higher engagement and nnection leading to increased pro ductivity and more business value.

A good metaphor for the power of positive interactions is the `trust batery'. First coined by Tobias Lütke CEO at Shopify, it's the idea that very interaction you have at work either increases or decreases your evel of trust. As with psychologica safety, it can take time to charge, but conds to drain.

"To truly transform the future of work e need to forge better working relaionships. It's about individuals feeling espected, trusted and included withir an organisation, so they feel part of an ffective and welcoming team. Create rust and inclusivity and team producivity flourishes," says McKeeve







# PEOPLE FIND IT UNCOMFORTABLE TO REPORT BAD BEHAVIOUR

Share of respondents giving the following replies when asked how comfortable they would be in making a formal allegation in each case of inappropriate behaviour

# GEN-Z EMPLOYEES TEND TO BE HAPPIER WITH MANAGERS' RESPONSES

Share of repondents giving the following replies to the question: "How adept have your managers been in dealing with allegations of inappropriate workplace behaviour throughout your career?"

	All ages	18- to 24-year-olds
rinept	14% 33%	19%
		48%
	25%	
	18%	17% 9% 7%
	10%	

# MOST WORKERS WOULD REPORT INAPPROPRIATE BEHAVIOUR BY A MANAGER

Share of respondents giving the following replies to the question: "If you were to witness a manager behaving inappropriately, how would you react?"



26% Anonymously report it to my superiors/boss/HR

23% Discuss with the individual affected what to do next



**3%** Do nothing and ignore the misconduct

# SEX AND BRUGS AND HR'S BROLE

Dozens of prominent British businesses have been accused of failing to deal properly with serious infractions ranging from sexual harassment to drug misuse. Raconteur conducted a survey of UK workers to find out what they really think about bad behaviour at work and how their employers are handling it

Raconteur, Attest, 2023

# 'The skills problem is not new, but the price of inaction has never been higher'

esearch by the EU has | that such a candidate wouldn't even R shortages are still inhibiting economic development across never qualified for a job here at the continent. Yes, the bloc has shown remarkable resilience in the face of three key challenges – the growth: the skills gap.

There is an ongoing mismatch between the skills that most people seeking work possess and the skills and qualifications required for the demand. High-growth industries such as healthcare, construction, managing director at the consulting science and technology have been the worst affected by this.

The problem is not new, but the price of inaction has never been higher. The sustainable growth of the private sector – and also the meet the traditional academic critewider economy – is at risk unless ria. Instead, they had the qualities businesses can find more highly that Accenture was looking for (and appropriately) skilled people.

This is why Brussels has designated 2023 as the European Year of savs it was essential to see this as Skills. Its aim is to promote training a holistic skills assessment rather in future-ready skills to help people than a box-ticking exercise based on stav in their jobs or find new ones.

Training people in the specific areas that employers need and then matching them to vacancies might employers to fix their labour shortsound like a straightforward task. but it isn't. The main obstacle is that | It will also help them to build more recruitment remains too focused on academic qualifications, particularly degrees. This means that, no matter what skills people gain, they may struggle to pass even the CV screening process unless they have the stipulated qualifications.

It's time to change this situation and move towards assessing candidates by skill potential rather than fits the employer, the wider econotheir academic achievements.

In an interview with LinkedIn CEO Ryan Roslansky, Mercedes F1's principal, Toto Wolff, recently spoke about his non-linear path to the top of motor racing. He recalled an old conversation with the firm's chief people officer. After assessing the skills that were needed at the team and how the company considered talent, the CPO told him that its recruits would need to come from the world's top universities.

Wolff asked bluntly whether the organisation would ever consider an applicant who "hasn't been great academically but set up various tiny **Allie Nawrat** businesses". When the CPO told him | Senior journalist, Unleast

confirmed that labour make it through the first stage, he replied: "So that's me. I would have Mercedes. What does that say?"

To end such deep-rooted prejudice, organisations need to rethink their Russia-Ukraine war, sky-high infla- | recruitment processes and become tion and ongoing supply chain dis- skills-first employers. Under this ruption – but businesses are still model, as defined by Deloitte, skills hankering for a solution to that are the currency of work and the perennial, yet increasing, barrier to basis through which people are hired and then matched to future opportunities and promotions.

Accenture is one business that's been leading the way in recruiting and promoting based on skills types of jobs that are actually in rather than qualifications. Unleash recently interviewed Filip Gilbert, giant, to find out how it has made this happen.

Accenture has 750,000 employees, 100,000 of whom were hired during the Covid crisis. Half of these did not notably, technical digital capabilities and the desire to learn. Gilbert degrees and other qualifications.

Of course, a skills-focused approach will do more than just help ages in the short and medium term. resilient, agile teams that can better weather future economic shocks.

Gilbert agrees. Any employer has a responsibility to ensure that its people are "happy, feeling that they can develop themselves and remain relevant and employable", he says.

Doing this is good not only for the individuals concerned. It also benemy and society as a whole.



# INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTORS

# IC age: the rise of the individual contributor

Any firm offering clear career paths for highly skilled professionals who find line management a confining, distractive chore may be giving itself a crucial edge in the war for talent

# MaryLou Costa

С hasn't become a manager. What might look at first glance like lack of ability, ambition or opportunity. It's all part of her plan and that of her employer, a US-based payroll and tax platform called Remote.

Walsh, who is based in Dublin ioined the firm as a so-called individual contributor (IC) in Q4 2021. In her role as senior people partner, she has no one reporting directly to her. Instead, she helps the senior team in areas such as learning and development, talent management and strategic planning.

Under this arrangement, Walsh gets to do more of what she enjoys most about her profession, unhindered by any line management responsibilities. Meanwhile, Remote benefits from her ability to focus specialist knowledge on meeting the top-level needs of the business.

Walsh believes that the growing number of employers that have started offering IC roles in recent years could gain a significant edge in the struggle to recruit and retain highly skilled people.

"For so long, the only way to advance in an organisation was to become a line manager. That makes no sense to me," she says. "People want to apply their expertise to and that's OK

laire Walsh has worked in | meaningful work, but you don't | HR for eight years, but have to be a manager to do that. Managers almost have to sideline themselves and care more about which can be hard. While that can a range of disciplines, but some for everyone – and that's OK."

collaboration, perhaps the most project-based roles that can be performed largely autonomously.

Over the past two years, Remote track for its ICs, who will usually gradually become an expert in that numerous levels. The principal IC level, for instance, equates to a senior directorship on its standard



While managing people can bring a lot of satisfaction, it's not for everyone -

equivalent to that of a senior manager, so she has a clear route to take in the organisation if she so wishes. This highly structured approach is a sign that Remote has come to view the recruitment and development of ICs from entry level up wards as a key element of its competitive strategy. By contrast, tech giants such as Salesforce and Meta seem to have introduced such positions in recent months as more of an emergency cost-efficiency measure, converting many line managers to ICs in a scramble to delayer their organisations. Pleo, a Danish fintech firm spe-

cialising in expenses management, employs about 20 senior ICs. People a career in stasis does not reflect a the people who report to them, can enter the company as an IC in bring a lot of satisfaction, it's not engineering and product architecture, for instance – lend themselves While Walsh's job entails a lot of more to such work than others. People can switch from managers to natural fit for ICs are highly skilled | ICs and vice versa (as is the case at Remote) if suitable vacancies arise

Jessie Danvi became a full-time enior IC at Pleo last year, having has established a formal career joined the company as its head of people in August 2018. Her job title focus on a single specialism and is now somewhat more opaque: belonging and impact lead. Danyi field as they advance through its | changed roles after the explosive growth of the business - from 40 to 550 employees in three-and-a-half years - and her own team prompted management track. Walsh's role is her to rethink the kind of work she really relished. Her experience also highlights

how the unconventional scope of an IC role can suit certain people well. Danyi, who lives with epilepsy and chronic pain, has found that working nearly autonomously, reporting to just a few senior stakeholders, enables her to cope more effectively with these conditions.

"When I led a team, I had to be careful about what a more junior member could read into my mood. They might infer that they'd done

it than usual," she explains. "An IC role tends to require fewer meetings, so I have less need to remove them from my calendar." Danyi adds that she still has to health, but having that conversation with senior executives is team members and their work."

Share of planned tasks completed each week

Time spent on productive. focused work

Time wasted on 'unproductive" tasks (answering emails, internal messenger platforms, browsing task lists)

be in 10/10 pain and less able to hide

mean that ICs are individuals in all senses of the word. Walsh stresses that she does report to a manager. although they conduct "more of a sounding-board relationship. We have a weekly catch-up where I run the tasks I think I need to do by her and seek her views. This differs from when I was starting out, when I needed far more hand-holding."

The freedom to apply your specialist skills in relative peace without the stress of managing people sounds like a dream for many, especially members of gen Z, whose apparent desire for purpose-driven work may draw them more towards IC roles than those in management.

But there may be a lower career ceiling for ICs – which Walsh freely accepts, noting that it would be exceedingly rare for someone at the director level not to be managing anyone. With this in mind, Remote recently created another level in its hierarchy known as expert lead, which adds responsibilities such as project management to the job spec. This could prevent a potential exodus of senior ICs who might otherwise feel that they've progressed as far as they can in the company.

If the experiences of Sarah Davie, head of partnerships at forex specialist Spartan FX, are anything to go by, firms offering IC roles are something wrong when I'd actually | likely to be more innovative and flexible employers than most.

"For many years, I worked at a company that was very rigid and behind the times," she says. "I think there's a call for a fresh approach to the way we operate and the culture "give people disclaimers about my of work as a whole."

Having become an IC with her current employer, Davie is "not simpler - they take it more as an managing anyone, as it's rare for a 'FYI'. When I had my own depart- person to have both skill sets. This ment to run, I had to worry more fits with our business needs, becabout how such news might affect ause we want the right people with the right expertise to help us Having more autonomy and fewer achieve our goals. It leaves me the team meetings doesn't necessarily | time to do what I do best."



# Q&A Taking a tailored approach to wellbeing

Commercial feature

Positive wellbeing is vital to increasing employee engagement and retention. Sarah Hyland, co-founder of Pace HR, an HR outsourcing consultancy, explains why tailoring your wellbeing strategy to individual needs is the way forward

# **Q** Is there greater focus on vellbeing support since the Covid pandemic?

Vellbeing is no longer a tickbox exercise. There is defi-

nitely a sensitivity to mental health and wellbeing support that has been growing steadily for a number of years. Organisations are mindful of it, but at the same time there is a have in place and think about whethe balancing act around the cost-of-living crisis, with the price of goods and services increasing.

We want to help organisations be creative when thinking about the wellbeing programmes they offer their people, instead of rolling out something that only appears to fit the bill. It makes more sense to plan an effective wellbeing strategy that has a meaningful and directed impact on engagement and productivity, than a onesize-fits-all approach that doesn't.

We're seeing a rising expectation from business leaders that wellbeing strategies be utilised and produce real, tangible results. We understand that all businesses face different challenges which is why our support and advisory services are bespoke

How can organisations build Q effective wellbeing strategies? t's really easy for organisations o over-engineer strategies to improve wellbeing and buy into fancy and expensive programmes. But what firms sometimes forget to do is find out what their employees actually need. Worse vet, some companies assume they know the answer without asking.

# 92%

of employees consider L&D opportunities and quality leadership and management to be just as important as benefits packages and other rewards

Before embarking on a new wellbein strategy, organisations need to do an assessment on what their people need and what the best fit for them is. Fo this reason we offer a free diagnost survey on employee needs as part our advisory HR services.

Organisations should also track ut isation on the benefits they already those benefits are having a positive impact. If benefits are under-utilised employers should consider why they'r missing the mark and how they could tailor them to individual needs.

## What do employees want?

Q While each company is different there are some general trends in A what employees want. We often find that employees aren't necessarily looking for benefits. Instead, they want learning and development opportunities to progress in their careers. We offer access to one-to-one coaching, and this is the responsibility of every one in the business.

There is also an expectation nov among employees that leaders be inspirational and that they set an exam ple when it comes to engaging in con rsations around wellbeing.

Our recent survey into wellbein the workplace found that 66% o employees feel strongly about their desire to talk about mental health a work, but only 39% said they would feel comfortable talking to someone more senior than them about mental health This demonstrates a significant gap between expectation and reality

Can a tailored approach Q to wellbeing help?

We're often told to treat people A as you would like to be treated. That makes sense, but doesn't take into account that we're all different Maybe it's better to treat people as they would like to be treated. Your team may appreciate an app that



upports their wellbeing, or it might make more sense to ask them what hey want before allocating resources into it.

We offer access to one-to-one coaching, and this tailored approach llows employees to focus on what is really important to them and can give hem the dedicated time and space to nave autonomy in their own engage ent and wellbeing

Our platform is designed so that if you ork in a specific industry, you will be natched with a coach who has experince in the same sector. This bespoke oaching allows people to focus on the sues that really matter to them

A wellbeing strategy that is tailored to e end user as far as possible will have the biggest impact. We're here to help mployers navigate this space and to nake the best informed decisions for heir teams

To build wellbeing practices that have a real impact on your employees, get in touch with our wellbeing expert. vicky@pace-hr.com



# Q&A

# Why data-led talent strategies will be what separates winners and losers

TalentNeuron helps organisations around the world leverage data to create and validate talent management strategies that secure a competitive edge amid the economic uncertainty. Here, its new CEO, Julie Peck, explains how



How does your experience help you to understand the talent management challenges faced by global business leaders? In the last 15 years, as a CEO and

a general manager, l've wrestled with difficult and increasingly complicated questions about talent strategies for the future. As CEOs, it and who they're winning labour from. often feels like we're flying blind. We | We can also see what types of roles see employees come and go – we lose good employees and we gain good | and which ones they're winning. employees - but we don't always know why that's happening. It's very that there were companies like CEO. Part of what makes TalentNeuror frustrating for executives competing aggressively in a complicated global these questions empirically. I worked gap in communication. marketplace to figure out which talent factors are really driving labour trends.



provides a pathway for action. The happening and why, but what they can TalentNeuron's massive global data

Data can help companies start to

make sense of the noise; it provides a pathway for action

talent-data connections; like where employees went after they resigned. for example. As an employer, you only know that anecdotally. Our data, which represents 90% of the world's GDP in terms of representation of labour, can tell employers where their labour is going, who's stealing it companies are losing to competitors,

It was a revelation to me to find TalentNeuron actually answering for very large Fortune 1000 companies for most of my career and, to my knowledge, none of them, even in the biggest companies, were using tools like this to proactively help business leaders plan with data-based intelligence. We all need those insights.

Q Why do you think companies are lacking these capabilities? many of the companies A worked for, the HR function didn't play a role in strategic vision and planning; they played a role in tool kit. If they fail to do so, they will payroll, policy development, performance reviews and often learning and development - but not in big human-capital strategies. On the other hand, in organisa-

tions like those of our clients, HR is either the driver of these strategies, or at least a strong influence at the C-suite table, with other business functions relying heavily on their guidance. We partner with HR executives at companies such as Intel, Mastercard, Nestle, JPMorgan Chase, Deutsche Telekom and Southwest Airlines, and all are taking that critical strategic role. TalentNeuron, 2023

Q What challenges do you foresee for HR directors striving to provide data-based guidance to their internal stakeholders? The biggest challenge wi A be drawing the connection between big data and actionable insights, and translating those into the language of the rest of the C-suite - not just the language of HR. The HR people who have this data and these insights in their hands need to speak the language of the CIO, CTO, CFO o unique is our ability to help bridge the

## **Q** To what extent will an internal data intelligence function determine the future success of a business?

Companies that value talent A Companies that take function definitely have an advantage but that is not the majority of compa nies globally. Eventually, companies that are in the middle and toward the back of the pack will have to figure out how to add labour analytics to thei egin to fall woefully behind.

The game is changing. In the las two years alone, companies have



increase in demand for talent intelligence and labour market analytic skills over the past two years

intelligence and labour market analytics skills, with the demand having ncreased by 112% during that period.

How is the economic fallout Q from Covid driving this change? A CEOs now forced to be involved in the dialogue around remote versus hybrid versus in-office work. People are really confused about what is the best thing to do. Some are trying getting back to 'normal' (i.e., putthere's no grounding in any informapath. There are other companies that plan to fully embrace remote working, but they don't have a sense of what they might be losing in terms of employee engagement, employee connectivity and productivity.

The fallout from Covid is not just questions about real estate footprints, location strategy, which cities to invest in, or whether to be remote or hybrid. Frankly, there are still more questions than answers around these topics, and that's why I think TalentNeuron can add unprec edented value to the conversation. These (and many others) are the tough questions companies all over the world are wrestling with, and we can provide answers grounded in data.

**O** How are you seeing the hiring focus on

A new way of thinking flavour-A nies are headed is skills, and how

been increasingly seeking talent | they search for skills versus searching for job titles. That focus on skills signals a big shift in how both hiring and career-pathing is going to happen.

When hiring for a position, the potential supply of candidates can shrink 16 times or more when Covid was a game changer, with we over-specify job criteria and skills requirements. Moreover, this approach can lengthen the time it takes for businesses to fill positions. increase their costs relative to what they actually need and hamper their to return to how it used to be, and ability to find the right people to support their long-term strategy. We're ting everyone back in the office) but doing some really groundbreaking work on translating job roles into tion that return-to-office is the best | skills with a number of our most for ward-thinking clients.

## What advice would you give to companies currently grappling with their talent management strategy?

Try to step back and take a fresh look at the confusing nature of how the future of work has been (and continues to be) flipped on its head. The future of work just changed dramatically. Whether you're in the -suite or not, ask the executive team if they are prepared to operate in this orand new environment. Do they even understand what has changed If they continue operating with out dated models and mindsets they will

For more information please visit talentneuron.com

inevitably lose out

TECHNOLOGY

HR teams are already using AI-based technology to communicate better with employees, improve internal career mobility and issue well-timed, authentic acknowledgements of people's good work

# **Oliver Pickup**

profession's attention.

look up from their work and apprecitech, is there any reason to celebrate something that's likely to put millions of people out of a job?

question. AI's ability to automate certain tasks and reduce administraals in this space to focus on identifying talent and nurturing it, which is called big stay. why most people enter the field in the first place. And, with more and better and strategically important role.

overloaded with extra work to take and 'restorers', who believe compa this great opportunity?

During the Covid crisis, HR teams methods. AI has emerged as one of were "mostly in survival mode", says the disruptive technologies at the Dr Aaron Taylor, head of Arden Uni- | heart of this conversation." versity's School of Human Resource Management. "As well as figuring out how employees could work from | ranging from policy-making to rechome, they needed to provide extra support for their wellbeing while chiefs published by Gartner in July adhering to health guidelines." He points out that, thanks to shift- generative AI, for instance, while 9% ing workforce trends, many HR lead- are piloting its use ers were involved in C-level decisions

21% Strategy and corporate finance

# rocess evolve as a result of the uncertainty, post-Covid, around which talent issues to

ng where advanced compa-

# Why artificial intélligence is making HR more human

gence Appreciation Day on ticed by most, considering the ever-Even if they did have a minute to

'Yes' should be the answer to that

to keep companies functioning, as

ow many HR practitioners | well as to handle restructuring and marked Artificial Intelli- redundancy programmes.

"The profession's evolution over 16 July? It probably passed unno- the past 25 years - from 'pay and rations' to the strategic role it plays growing list of tasks demanding the today – has, quite possibly, been more radical than that of any other business function," Taylor argues.

Eric Mosley, co-founder and CEO ate the power of this fast-developing of HR software firm Workhuman agrees that HR has gone through ' hectic, chaotic time. There's been a complete whiplash, with trends veer ing from one direction to another."

Outlining the tumultuous nature of the Covid era, Mosley points to tive workloads promises to make the remote working, back-to-office man-HR practitioner's role more human. dates, quiet quitting, loud quitting Embracing AI should free profession- the great resignation and, as economic uncertainty prevails, the so

Helen Poitevin is a distinguished vice-president-analyst focusing on information at its fingertips, the HR tech at Gartner. She says that "a function could play a more holistic debate is raging about the future of work between 'explorers', who em-But have HR teams become too brace new tech and ways of working. nies should be using tried and tested

Poitevin reports that AI is already playing a role in HR operations ruitment. A global survey of HR indicates that 5% have implemented

"In the future, progressive firms will start to broaden how they use



In the future, progressive firms will start to broaden how the use generative AI. It will benefit both employees and HR teams

> generative AI. It will benefit both employees and HR teams," she says. "A quarter of HR leaders plan to use it to create hyper-personalised career development plans, for instance."

Poitevin adds that HR professionals can, when equipped with the right technology, "better understand employees and so provide more human advice" that's better tailored to each person's needs.

Taylor agrees that the profession has been placing greater emphasis uses relevant information about the on understanding employees as people, "There is much more importance on the 'human' aspects of HR now. especially when looking at employee experience," he says. "This is no longer solely about ensuring regula- people in the organisation. For intory compliance. This is about going that extra mile to know what makes potential in an employee who's been employees tick and how that aligns

While it has never exactly been strong, the quality of communications between HR and the shop floor has worsened in recent years. New research by data science consultancy Profusion indicates that only 24% of tion that can be as simple as thanking employees are "fully comfortable"

discussing workplace problems with their HR teams, for example.

Profusion's CEO, Natalie Cramp, notes that the pandemic-induced shift towards remote working has "severely hampered the relationship between workers and their HR representatives, eroding any sense of trust and understanding"

Research published in May by Microsoft, which has invested heavily in generative AI, argues that HR practitioners who understand the tech and use it well will become better communicators with the power to improve the employee experience.

"Human-AI collaboration will be the next transformational work pattern," Microsoft predicts, proposing the notion of using AI as a "co-pilot".

How would such co-piloting work in practice? Take the use of so-called writer's block AI to improve communications between HR and the workforce, for instance. This technology company and its employees to personalise messages and deliver these in the appropriate tone.

An HR team can work alongside AI to map out possible career paths for stance, the system might spot hidden flying under the radar and prompt with the company's overall strategy." the team to alert that individual to an appealing internal role that would suit their talents and offer them a valuable development opportunity.

AI can also aid employee recognition - a wellbeing-boosting intervensomeone publicly, yet is lacking in many workplaces. LinkedIn has reported achieving a 96% retention rate among staff whose work was acknowledged at least four times a year. With the prompting of AI, HR eams can recognise and celebrate the work (or life events) of employees or ask their line managers to do so.

"Recognition is an authentic, honest moment in which someone expresses their genuine gratitude for another's work," Mosley says. "That connection can build relationship and community."

He stresses that recognition has the greatest impact when it is "fulfilled, authentic, embedded in the culture, individualised and equitable". Again, AI tools can help HR with this, enabling them to convey heartfelt messages of encouragement when it matters to the recipients.

Research by Workhuman suggests that giving recognition is mutually beneficial. Managers who've done so in the past two months are more likely than those who haven't to love their iobs (75% versus 48%) and identify as highly engaged (89% versus 64%).

Building on this last data point, Gallup's most recent State of the Global Workplace report pegged employee engagement at about 23% last year. Given that this was the highest recorded percentage since the company started gathering such data in 2009, there is clearly significant room for improvement.

Now, thanks to AI, HR teams have no excuse not to be more human in the digital era, recognise the good work of others and gain job satisfaction in the process.



# RECRUITMENT

# Three overlooked talent pools - and how to tap into them

With labour shortages holding back UK plc, firms willing to widen their search for skills, and tailor their recruitment and employment practices accordingly, could gain a key competitive advantage

## **Sam Forsdick**



## **Military veterans**

In April, retailer John Lewis became the 10,000th signatory of the armed forces covenant. In doing so, it made a formal pledge to treat British military personnel, veterans and their families fairly, including in employment processes.

With 16,250 people in the UK leaving military service in the 12 months to October 2022 – up 17.4% on the likely to have minimal experience of previous year - the armed forces collectively represent a significant pool of talent for other recruiters. But, while employers generally understand what military veterans can offer them, about a third admit to finding it hard to engage with that community, according to research by social enterprise GoodPeople.

"Lots of businesses have realised there's an opportunity, yet not all of them have switched on to accessing that talent.

So says Andy Pearson, senior business director, UK defence, at Hays. He believes that the barriers hindering ex-servicepeople from finding civilian employment exist at the earliest stages of the hiring process. His view is shared by Chris the organisation. "These people are Wilkinson, director at cybersecurity firm BSS and a former communications engineering officer with the challenges in front of them every Roval Air Force. He says: "If you see | day and making decisions."

a job spec within the armed forces, you have to be able to tick off every single qualification or experience required on it before even being considered. This means that a lot of military people can sometimes lack the ability to sell themselves."

Wilkinson adds that employers should always bear in mind that some ex-servicepeople may have joined up at the age of 16, so they're ioh interviews

Beyond the recruitment stage employers can provide further support to develop the veterans they have selected. This could include ensuring that they have clear objectives and rigid deadlines to help ease their transition from a highly structured working environment.

When it comes to longer-term retention, Pearson says that exservicepeople require a "support network around them, as well as ongoing investment from a training and development perspective".

He adds that any employer that successfully hires anyone from the armed forces is likely to have brought valuable critical thinking skills into solutions-focused," Pearson stresses. "They are used to evaluating the



## **Older people**

The number of working-age adults leaving the UK labour market rose sharply during the Covid crisis. A large proportion of these people were defined as economically inactive – that is, they were able to work but chose not to. This group's growth has been cited as a key factor in the then – a trend that's been described nation's skills shortages and economic stagnation

People aged 50 and over made up nearly three-quarters of the 830,000

who became economically inactive published by the Resolution Founby the Office for National Statistics in the same quarter indicates that the tide turned late last year. People aged 50 to 64 have been going back to work in significant numbers since as the great unretirement.

officer at Axa UK, suggests that any "But they want to do it in a way that employer should "be thinking a bit

to catering for the needs of this older eneration". She notes that one of the initial challenges for employers s knowing where to engage with potential recruits in this age group. "LinkedIn and Indeed aren't nec-

essarily the places where over-50s are looking for roles." Harvey says. We have had to take different routes o find them.'

Axa has used other social networks. uch as Facebook, and refer-a-friend schemes to reach this talent pool.

Recruiting older people can also equire adjusting workplace benefits. Last year, for instance, Axa be came one of the first insurers to be accredited as menopause-friendly. in the pandemic, according to data It has also established numerous policies covering sickness, caring dation in O1 2023. But data released and dependency leave, which can be particularly helpful for older em plovees. The firm has also reviewed the imagery it uses on its website to ensure that it portrays a more inclusive working environment.

"Older people are realising that they've got the energy, motivation Emma Harvey, HR chief operating and passion to work," Harvey says. suits their lifestyles.

**Ex-offenders** 

It's estimated that more than 11 million people in the UK have a criminal record, with those who've served time in prison finding it particularly even considering what the candi- Away. Social Pantry's founder and hard to find legitimate employment. "Business leaders tend to underestimate how many people there are with convictions," notes Charlotte it started Ban the Box, a campaign Gibb, employment and skills manager at Business in the Community.



The obvious obstacle for any exapplication out of hand without date could offer. Business in the Community has been working for years to remove the stigma. In 2013, urging firms to stop asking applicants at the early stages of the recuitment process to state whether hev have a conviction. The charity elieves that this tick-box question often the first – and biggest – barer to ex-offenders seeking employent. By removing it, recruiters can more informed decisions ased on conversations with candiates, rather than discarding them nmediately as a matter of course.

One firm that's made a concerted effort to hire ex-offenders is Cook, a roducer of frozen ready meals. Co-CEO Rosie Brown acknowledges that employing people with criminal records, particularly those s not straightforward. Employers nust understand that may be taking on individuals with "chaotic backrounds" who've experienced "the auma of prison", she warns,

Catering firm Social Pantry is anoffender is the stigma attached to other business that's been trawling having a criminal record. All too this neglected talent pool. The comoften, an employer will dismiss an pany works alongside charities such as Kev4Life and Only A Pavement CEO. Alex Head, says that these organisations will provide extra support for firms seeking to hire ex-offenders for the first time

> "Charities can offer an employer a sounding board and answer any questions it may have," she says "They might have connections with the ex-offender's family, which can be a key part of getting that individual into work."

While research published by the Ministry of Justice suggests that 81% of consumers think that firms iring ex-offenders are contributing to society, it can be harder for those firms to convince their staff to work alongside people with criminal records. But Brown reports that, once they start getting to know their new colleagues, they soon realise that they aren't the dangerous recidiwho've served custodial sentences, vists that many media outlets make them out to be.

> "It's not easy," she admits. "But I believe that everyone deserves a second chance - and a job can be life-changing."

# Q&A

# **HR function?** A

cousin' of software as a service (SaaS). Valuation multiples for HR tech vendors were exceptionally low, as investors believed HR departments would be slow to adopt all these new SaaS tools that were coming to market at the time. Digital transformation of organisations was all the rage, but HR departments were late to the party. less technophobic, and of course slow decision-making and an overchoose from. So, while technology professionals there is still tremengral part of the HR function across all its dimensions.

What are some of the key HR themes driving technological adoption?

( A ) needs are constantly evolving. Furthermore, each customer segment has its own specific requireaddress. The universal problem is qualified talent. Despite literally bil lions of dollars having been invested paths within the organisation.

# How is M&A and investment shaping the future of HR technology?

Al is a hugely disruptive technology, but it's not the only tech solution shaping the future of HR. Georgios Markakis, managing partner at Venero Capital Advisors, explains what M&A and investment trends tell us about the future of HR tech

Q

# Historically, what has been the role of technology in the

As little as seven to 10 years ago, HR tech was the `unloved Today, HR professionals are much Covid turbo-charged HR tech adoption. Still, a lot of HR departments struggle with competing priorities, whelming selection of software to has certainly made life easier for HR

Adoption of HR tech is driven by business needs, and these ments that HR technology aims to sourcing, screening and recruiting into recruitment vendors, businesses still struggle. To cope, companies are naturally expanding their focus to include retention, which involves upskilling or reskilling current employees and supporting career

line workers, is huge, while remote pared to pre-2020.

working has given a boost to employers of record (EORs), And of course, the rollout of Al features will be a strong driver of further adop on in the medium term

## Today, everyone is talking about the Al revolution. What impact could that have on HR, and the sector's adoption of tech?

Artificial intelligence has been A around for many years already, so it's nothing new, really. Many software products already use AI to, fo instance, facilitate candidate short listing, flag potential payroll errors and propose career paths, amon other things.

HR professionals can expect soft ware to become gradually smarte and more helpful - which of course is a good thing. The tricky part will be to understand Al's many limitations dous room for it to become an inteprivacy, bias and the evolving regu latory landscape.

# Q You're tracking investment and M&A activity in the HR tech sector. Did you see this Al

moment coming over the hill? At Venero we refer to the years At venero we read a final 2015-20 as the period of 'rapid innovation'. That's when a lot of disruptive solutions came to market, and previously unseen amounts of funding flowed into HR tech. From 2020 onwards, we have been in what we call the period of 'scale and consolidation', with increased competi tion, consolidation among adjacent solution providers and a spurt of HR tech unicorns. To give you a sense, in 2021 alone more than \$42bn was than in the previous five years combined. And from an M&A perspective, Beyond that, workforce man- today we are seeing around 50% to agement, particularly for front- 60% more acquisitions per year com-



Today, our view is that Al will eventually become table stakes, and HR tech vendors will need to find a different competitive advantage

So, from 2020 onwards, large num bers of AI startups started getting acquired - and often at eye-water ing valuations. It was a race to obtain both AI technology and AI talent. Ir 2021 Venero Capital Advisors published a report titled The Inevitability of Explainable AI, where we talked about AI as the tech that would dis rupt the disruptors

Today, our view is that AI will even ually become table stakes, and HF tech vendors will need to find a dif ferent competitive advantage: a dif ferent moat. That moat will need to be data that allows AI to generate insights tailored to each company's particular needs and circuminvested in the sector. That's more stances. More data - and more custom data belonging to businesses, employees, candidates and the extended workforce - means a better product. A better product will attract more users, and more

users will in turn generate more | striking the right balance between data, reinforcing the competitive an integrated platform versus bestloop. This will be the moat.

## M&A data can often act as an Q early warning system, showing a blip on the radar of coming trends. What are you seeing now in the sector that will come to fruition in the near future?

There are three major trends A driving M&A at the moment.

The first is private equity entering the sector and acquiring dominant players, particularly in sticky areas such as core HR and payroll. We have seen an increasing number of acquisitions in the hundreds of millions - and even billions - of dollars. These include Cornerstone, Alight, Qualtrix and others. Having PE as a backer obviously strength ens the incumbents.

The second one is `vertical' software, which means software that caters to the needs of specific industries or customer segments. Good candidates for such solutions include frontline workers, call-centre employees and healthcare staff. Companies often prefer vertical software to more generic (`horizontal') software, and this resonates very well with investors.

And the third trend is software vendors obtaining scale, whether through the acquisition of complementary products or expansion into new geographies. This is all driven by customer needs, of course, and in-class point solutions

### How do you see the HR Q tech space evolving in the coming years?

HR technology is addressing A core business needs, so tech adoption will only increase over time. The size of a software vendor matters to investors, and a unified experience matters to customers. So M&A consolidation will also continue regardless of the macro environment. We saw this last year, with the M&A slowdown that everyone was expecting but never materialised.

And investment into this space by both private equity firms and venture funds will also increase, par ticularly towards vendors with sufficient scale. The number of inbound enquiries that Venero has received ust in recent months from private equity firms looking to acquire assets HR tech is at record levels. This means more innovation, tougher competition and, ultimately, bette products for HR practitioners.

For more information please visit venerocapitaladvisors.com



# Hire on one planet. Manage on one platform.

Payroll, immigration, HR software, compliance and more. Deel gives companies and their teams the tools, features, and expertise needed to help eliminate hiring borders and streamline workforce management, all from a single, powerful platform.



Learn more at deel.com

Bring the world to work deel.