EMPLOYEE HANDBOOK

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DEEL PAYROLL (THAILAND) CO., LTD.

EMPLOYEE HANDBOOK

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Employee Handbook ("Handbook")

1. INTRODUCTION

Deel Payroll (Thailand) Co., Ltd. ("Deel", "Company", "Employer", "we, "our", or "us") is an equal opportunities employer and we do not discriminate on the grounds of gender, sexual orientation, marital or civil partner status, pregnancy or maternity, gender reassignment, race, colour, nationality, ethnic or national origin, religion or belief, disability or age.

As an employee of Deel, you are welcome to submit comments or suggestions to Deel at any time. Feel free to let us know how to serve you better.

2. APPLICABLE LAW

The policies and guidelines in this Handbook are intended to comply with all applicable country and local laws. Laws change and evolve, however, and in some cases, country or local law in particular may differ in some way from the general policies and guidelines. When the local law differs, the Company will determine how best to accommodate the difference in each circumstance and will advise all affected Employees. In general, the Company will follow the guidelines listed below:

- (a) In the event that an applicable law grants Employees greater rights or more favourable treatment than is set forth in this Handbook, that law will prevail.
- (b) In the event that these policies and guidelines grant Employees greater rights or more favourable treatment than those provided by the law, these policies and guidelines will prevail.
- (c) In the event that there is any conflict between the Employee's contract of employment and the rules set out in this handbook, the terms of contract will prevail.

3. USING THE HANDBOOK

This Handbook sets out the main policies and procedures that you will need to be aware of while working for us. You should familiarise yourself with it and comply with it at all times. Any questions you may have with regard to its contents or what you have to do to comply with it should be referred to your line manager.

The policies and procedures set out in this handbook apply to all employees unless otherwise indicated. They do **not** form part of the terms of your contract with us, which are provided to you separately. Your contract sets out your job title, hours and place of

work, probationary period, salary, holidays and holiday pay, sickness absence reporting procedure and sick pay, your entitlement to and obligation to give notice to terminate your contract and the duties of confidentiality and restrictions that continue to apply after the termination of your contract

4. RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE HANDBOOK

The Handbook is reviewed regularly to ensure that its provisions continue to meet our legal obligations and reflect best practice.

Everyone should ensure that they take the time to read and understand the content of this handbook and act in accordance with its aims and objectives. Managers must ensure all staff understand the standards of behaviour expected of them and to take action when behaviour falls below those requirements.

5. DATA PROTECTION

The Company places great importance on safeguarding your personal data. We adhere to relevant data protection laws, including, but not limited to, the General Data Protection Regulation (Regulation 2016/679), the California Consumer Privacy Act (CCPA), the Canadian Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act (PIPEDA), the Brazilian General Data Protection Law (LGPD), and other applicable regulations.

For detailed information on how we handle your personal data, please read the Employee Privacy Notice which is available here https://www.deel.com/eor-privacy. The Employee Privacy Notice outlines our practices for collecting, processing, and protecting your personal data.

6. EXPENSES POLICY

6.1. About this policy

This policy deals with claims for reimbursement of expenses, including travel, accommodation and hospitality.

This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and we may amend it at any time.

6.2. Reimbursement of expenses

We will reimburse expenses properly incurred in accordance with this policy. Any attempt to claim expenses fraudulently or otherwise in breach of this policy may result in disciplinary action.

Expenses will only be reimbursed if they are:

- (a) submitted to the Accounts Department on the appropriate claim form;
- (b) submitted within 28 days of being incurred;
- (c) supported by relevant documents (for example, VAT receipts, tickets, and credit or debit card slips); and
- (d) authorized in advance where required.

Any questions about the reimbursement of expenses should be put to your line manager before you incur the relevant costs.

6.3. Travel expenses

We will reimburse the reasonable cost of necessary travel in connection with our business. The most economic means of travel should be chosen if practicable. The following are not treated as travel in connection with our business:

- (a) travel between your home and usual place of work;
- (b) travel which is mainly for your own purposes; and
- (c) travel which, while undertaken on our behalf, is similar or equivalent to travel between your home and your usual place of work.

We will not reimburse penalty fares or fines for parking or driving offences, other than at our discretion in exceptional circumstances.

7. EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES POLICY

7.1. Equal opportunities statement

Deel is committed to promoting equal opportunities in employment. You and any job applicants will receive equal treatment regardless of age, disability, gender reassignment, marital or civil partner status, pregnancy or maternity, race, colour, nationality, ethnic or national origin, religion or belief, sex or sexual orientation (**Protected Characteristics**).

7.2. About this policy

This policy sets out our approach to equal opportunities and the avoidance of discrimination at work. It applies to all aspects of employment with us, including recruitment, pay and conditions, training, appraisals, promotion, conduct at work, disciplinary and grievance procedures, and termination of employment.

This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and we may amend it at any time.

7.3. Discrimination

You must not unlawfully discriminate against or harass other people including current and former employees, job applicants, clients, customers, suppliers and visitors. This applies in the workplace, outside the workplace (when dealing with customers, suppliers or other work-related contacts [or when wearing a work uniform]), and on work-related trips or events including social events.

The following forms of discrimination are prohibited under this policy and are unlawful:

- (a) **Direct discrimination:** treating someone less favourably because of a Protected Characteristic. For example, rejecting a job applicant because of their religious views or because they might be gay.
- (b) **Indirect discrimination:** a provision, criterion or practice that applies to everyone but adversely affects people with a particular Protected Characteristic more than others, and is not justified. For example, requiring a job to be done full-time rather than part-time would adversely affect women because they generally have greater childcare commitments than men. Such a requirement would be discriminatory unless it can be justified.
- (c) **Harassment:** this includes sexual harassment and other unwanted conduct related to a Protected Characteristic, which has the purpose or effect of violating someone's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for them. Harassment is dealt with further in our Anti-harassment and Bullying Policy.
- (d) **Victimisation:** retaliation against someone who has complained or has supported someone else's complaint about discrimination or harassment.
- (e) **Disability discrimination:** this includes direct and indirect discrimination, any unjustified less favourable treatment because of the effects of a disability, and failure to make reasonable adjustments to alleviate disadvantages caused by a disability.

8. ANTI-HARASSMENT AND BULLYING POLICY

8.1. About this policy

Deel is committed to providing a working environment free from harassment and bullying and ensuring all staff are treated, and treat others, with dignity and respect.

This policy covers harassment or bullying which occurs at work and out of the workplace, such as on business trips or at work-related events or social functions. It covers bullying and harassment by staff (which may include consultants, contractors and agency workers) and also by third parties such as customers, suppliers or visitors to our premises.

This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and we may amend it at any time.

For further information about anti-harassment and bullying policy please see our Anti-Harassment Policy located in our intranet.

8.2. What is harassment?

Harassment is any unwanted physical, verbal or non-verbal conduct that has the purpose or effect of violating a person's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for them. A single incident can amount to harassment.

It also includes treating someone less favourably because they have submitted or refused to submit to such behaviour in the past.

Unlawful harassment may involve conduct of a sexual nature (sexual harassment), or it may be related to age, disability, gender reassignment, marital or civil partner status, pregnancy or maternity, race, colour, nationality, ethnic or national origin, religion or belief, sex or sexual orientation. Harassment is unacceptable even if it does not fall within any of these categories.

Harassment may include, for example:

- (a) unwanted physical conduct or "horseplay", including touching, pinching, pushing and grabbing;
- (b) unwelcome sexual advances or suggestive behaviour (which the harasser may perceive as harmless);
- (c) offensive e-mails, text messages or social media content;
- (d) mocking, mimicking or belittling a person's disability.

A person may be harassed even if they were not the intended "target". For example, a person may be harassed by racist jokes about a different ethnic group if the jokes create an offensive environment.

8.3. What is bullying?

Bullying is offensive, intimidating, malicious or insulting behaviour involving the misuse of power that can make a person feel vulnerable, upset, humiliated, undermined or threatened. Power does not always mean being in a position of authority, but can include both personal strength and the power to coerce through fear or intimidation.

Bullying can take the form of physical, verbal and non-verbal conduct. Bullying may include, by way of example:

- (a) physical or psychological threats;
- (b) overbearing and intimidating levels of supervision;
- (c) inappropriate derogatory remarks about someone's performance;

Legitimate, reasonable and constructive criticism of a worker's performance or behaviour, or reasonable instructions given to workers in the course of their employment, will not amount to bullying on their own.

8.4. If you are being harassed or bullied

If you are being harassed or bullied, consider whether you feel able to raise the problem informally with the person responsible. You should explain clearly to them that their behaviour is not welcome or makes you uncomfortable. If this is too difficult or embarrassing, you should speak to your line manager, who can provide confidential advice and assistance in resolving the issue formally or informally.

If informal steps are not appropriate, or have not been successful, you should raise the matter formally under our Grievance Procedure.

We will investigate complaints in a timely and confidential manner. The investigation will be conducted by someone with appropriate experience and no prior involvement in the complaint, where possible. Details of the investigation and the names of the person making the complaint and the person accused must only be disclosed on a "need to know" basis. We will consider whether any steps are necessary to manage any ongoing relationship between you and the person accused during the investigation.

Once the investigation is complete, we will inform you of our decision. If we consider you have been harassed or bullied by an employee the matter will be dealt with under the Disciplinary Procedure as a case of possible misconduct or gross misconduct. If the harasser or bully is a third party such as a customer or other visitor, we will consider what action would be appropriate to deal with the problem. Whether or not your

complaint is upheld, we will consider how best to manage any ongoing working relationship between you and the person concerned.

8.5. Protection and support for those involved

Staff who make complaints or who participate in good faith in any investigation must not suffer any form of retaliation or victimisation as a result. Anyone found to have retaliated against or victimised someone in this way will be subject to disciplinary action under our Disciplinary Procedure.

8.6. Record-keeping

Information about a complaint by or about an employee may be placed on the employee's personnel file, along with a record of the outcome and of any notes or other documents compiled during the process. These will be processed in accordance with data protection applicable law.

9. ANTI-CORRUPTION AND BRIBERY POLICY

9.1. About this policy

It is our policy to conduct all of our business in an honest and ethical manner. We take a zero-tolerance approach to bribery and corruption and are committed to acting professionally, fairly and with integrity in all our business dealings and relationships.

Any employee who breaches this policy will face disciplinary action, which could result in dismissal for gross misconduct. Any non-employee who breaches this policy may have their contract terminated with immediate effect.

This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and we may amend it at any time. It will be reviewed regularly.

9.2. Who must comply with this policy?

This policy applies to all persons working for us or on our behalf in any capacity, including employees at all levels, directors, officers, agency workers, seconded workers, volunteers, interns, agents, contractors, external consultants, third-party representatives and business partners.

9.3. What is bribery?

Bribe means a financial or other inducement or reward for action which is illegal, unethical, a breach of trust or improper in any way. Bribes can take the form of money,

gifts, loans, fees, hospitality, services, discounts, the award of a contract or any other advantage or benefit.

Bribery includes offering, promising, giving, accepting or seeking a bribe.

All forms of bribery are strictly prohibited. If you are unsure about whether a particular act constitutes bribery, raise it with your manager.

Specifically, you must not:

- (a) give or offer any payment, gift, hospitality or other benefit in the expectation that a business advantage will be received in return, or to reward any business received;
- (b) accept any offer from a third party that you know or suspect is made with the expectation that we will provide a business advantage for them or anyone else;
- (c) give or offer any payment (sometimes called a facilitation payment) to a government official in any country to facilitate or speed up a routine or necessary procedure;

You must not threaten or retaliate against another person who has refused to offer or accept a bribe or who has raised concerns about possible bribery or corruption.

9.4. How to raise a concern

If you are offered a bribe, or are asked to make one, or if you suspect that any bribery, corruption or other breach of this policy has occurred or may occur, you must notify your manager or report it in accordance with our Whistleblowing Policy as soon as possible.

10. OPEN COMMUNICATION POLICY

We are committed to conducting our business with honesty and integrity and we promote open communication. Any concern can be reported according to the Open Communication Policy. This policy covers all employees, officers, consultants, contractors, casual workers and agency workers. It does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and we may amend it at any time.

11. WORKING HOURS

11.1. General

Normal working days are 5 days a week, from Monday to Friday.

For a full-time employee, regular working hours are 8 hours per day from 9:00AM to 6:00PM, inclusive of a rest period of 1 hour, or 40 hours per week.

There can be possible exceptions to the regular working hours if approved by the Employee's manager.

11.2. Out-of-hours work (overtime)

As part of the terms and conditions of employment, the Employee may be required to work beyond their normal working hours on occasions, in compliance and with the limits provided by the applicable law. Whilst every effort will be made to give as much prior warning as possible, it should be understood that there is sometimes a requirement to work extended hours at short notice.

11.3 Overtime Compensation

Unless otherwise agreed between the Employer and Employee:

The Employee who is required to work overtime on normal working days will be entitled to overtime pay at the rate of not less than 1.5 times of the hourly rate on normal working days.

Regular full-time employees who are entitled to salaries during holidays and are required to perform work during such holidays will be entitled to a holiday pay equivalent to their hourly rate during normal working days.

Daily and hourly employees or those receiving salaries based on a per piece of work who are not entitled to salaries during holidays but are required to perform work during such holidays will be entitled to a holiday pay equivalent to 2 times of their hourly rate during normal working days.

The Employee who is required to work overtime on holidays will be entitled to holiday overtime pay at the rate of not less than 3 times of the hourly rate on normal working days.

12. WAGES PAYMENT DATE AND PLACE

The Employer will pay wages, overtime pay, holiday pay, holiday overtime pay, and other benefits related to the employment to the Employee once a month at the end of each month by direct transfer to the Employee's bank account.

13. WORKING FROM REMOTE

13.1. About this policy

Our Working from Remote policy outlines our guidelines for employees who work from a location other than our offices. We want to ensure that both employees and our company will benefit from these arrangements.

13.2. Scope

This policy applies to employees whose primary work location is not at our offices.

13.3. Remote working agreement

Employees may work remotely on a permanent or temporary basis as provided by the individual employment agreement. Permanent remote work employees should indicate their primary working address in a remote working agreement.

Office-based employees may also be required to work remotely if requested by the line manager. Employees who are new parents or suffer from short-term/long-term disability may agree to longer periods of remote working with their manager and HR.

Office-based employees may also revert to permanent remote working in cases of relocation. HR will assess their eligibility on a case-by-case basis.

13.4. Remote working that works

To ensure that your performance will not suffer in remote work arrangements, we advise you while working remotely to:

- (a) Choose a quiet and distraction-free working space.
- (b) Have an internet connection that's adequate for their job.
- (c) Dedicate their full attention to their job duties during working hours.
- (d) Adhere to break and attendance schedules agreed upon with their manager.
- (e) Ensure their schedules overlap with those of their team members for as long as is necessary to complete their job duties effectively.

Your line manager should determine long-term and short-term goals.

13.5. Compliance with Policies

You as a remote employee must follow our company's policies like any office-based colleagues.

13.6. Compensation and benefits

Your compensation already includes compensation for remote work, unless otherwise stated in your employment agreement.

13.7. Equipment

You shall buy equipment that is essential to your job duties, like laptops, headsets and cell phones (when applicable.) an apply for the Expenses policy to be reimbursed. If needed, we will install VPN and company-required software when employees receive their equipment. We will not provide secondary equipment (e.g. printers and screens.)

Equipment that are essential for the job duties and reimbursed as expenses are company property. Employees must keep it safe and avoid any misuse. Specifically, employees must:

- (a) Keep their equipment password protected.
- (b) Store equipment in a safe and clean space when not in use.
- (c) Follow all data encryption, protection standards and settings.
- (d) Refrain from downloading suspicious, unauthorized or illegal software.

Your line manager will discuss insurance needs with you. You may have to take up homeowner's insurance to cover the cost of company equipment. Deel may reimburse a portion of the coverage when applicable.

14. HOLIDAYS POLICY

14.1. About this policy

This policy sets out our arrangements for employees wishing to take holidays (also known as annual leave).

This policy covers all employees at all levels and grades, including full-time, part-time, permanent and fixed-term employees, managers, directors, trainees, and homeworkers.

This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and we may amend it at any time. We may also vary the policy as appropriate in any case.

14.2. Your holiday entitlement

The Company's holiday year runs from 1 January to 31 December. If your employment starts or finishes part way through the holiday year, your holiday entitlement during that year shall be calculated on a pro-rata basis rounded up to the nearest.

Unless otherwise set out in your employment contract, if you work continuously for 1 year, you are entitled to take a minimum of 6 days' paid holiday in each holiday year, or the pro rata equivalent if you worked less than a year. In addition, you are entitled to take the usual public holidays or days in lieu where we require staff to work on a public holiday.

Except as set out in this policy, holiday entitlement must be taken in accordance with the applicable law. Any holiday not taken by the end of the period provided by the Company cannot be paid in lieu unless at the termination of your employment.

14.3. Taking holiday

All holidays must be approved in advance by your line manager. You should normally give at least four weeks' notice of holiday requests to allow planning of rotas or work schedules where necessary. You must not make travel bookings until approval has been given.

We may require you to take (or not to take) holiday on particular dates, including when the business is closed, particularly busy, or during your notice period.

14.4. Sickness during periods of holiday

If you are sick or injured during a holiday period and would have been incapable of work, you may choose to treat the period of incapacity as sick leave and reclaim the affected days of holiday.

Employees already on sick leave before a pre-arranged period of holiday may choose to cancel any days of holiday that coincide with the period of incapacity and treat them as sick leave.

Company sick pay will only be paid for such days if you comply with our Sickness Absence Policy, including notifying your manager immediately of your incapacity and obtaining medical evidence, even if you are abroad.

Dishonest claims or other abuse of this policy will be treated as misconduct under our disciplinary procedure.

14.5. Long-term sickness absence and holiday entitlement

Holiday entitlement continues to accrue during periods of sick leave.

If you are on a period of sick leave which spans two holiday years, or if you return to work after sick leave so close to the end of the holiday year that you cannot reasonably take your remaining holiday, you may carry over unused holiday to the following leave year.

Any holiday that is carried over under this rule but is not taken within 18 months of the end of the holiday year in which it accrued will be lost.

Alternatively you can choose to take your paid holiday during your sick leave, in which case you will be paid at your normal rate.

14.6. Traditional Holiday

You are entitled to take traditional holidays as gazetted by the Government in accordance with the provisions of the Thai Labour Law which sets a minimum of 13 traditional holidays per year.

The Company will announce in advance the list of traditional holidays in each year. If a traditional holiday falls on a weekly holiday, the next working day is substituted for such traditional holiday. In case the Government announces some changes or additional holidays other than the above, the Company will consider on a case by case basis to change or add traditional holidays, and will announce such changes, if any.

14.7. Arrangements on termination

On termination of employment you may be required to use any remaining holiday entitlement during your notice period, to the extent permitted by the applicable law. Alternatively, you will be paid in lieu of any accrued but untaken holiday entitlement for the current holiday year to date, plus any holiday permitted to be carried over from previous years under this policy or as required by law.

15. DISCIPLINARY AND CAPABILITY PROCEDURE

15.1. About this procedure

This procedure is intended to help maintain standards of conduct and performance and to ensure fairness and consistency when dealing with allegations of misconduct or poor performance.

Minor conduct or performance issues can usually be resolved informally with your line manager. This procedure sets out formal steps to be taken if the matter is more serious or cannot be resolved informally.

This procedure applies to all employees regardless of length of service. It does not apply to agency workers or self-employed contractors.

This procedure does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and we may amend it at any time.

15.2. Investigations

Before any disciplinary hearing is held, the matter will be investigated. Any meetings and discussions as part of an investigation are solely for the purpose of fact-finding and no disciplinary action will be taken without a disciplinary formal procedure.

In some cases of alleged misconduct, we may need to suspend you from work while we carry out the investigation or disciplinary procedure (or both). While suspended, you should not visit our premises or contact any of our clients, customers, suppliers, contractors or staff, unless authorised to do so.

15.3. Disciplinary action and dismissal

The usual penalties for misconduct or poor performance are:

- (a) First written warning. Where there are no other active written warnings on your disciplinary record, you will usually receive a first written warning.
- (b) Final written warning. In case of further misconduct or failure to improve where there is an active first written warning on your record, you will usually receive a final written warning. This may also be used without a first written warning for serious cases of misconduct or poor performance.
- (c) Dismissal. You may be dismissed for gross misconduct or failure to improve where there is an active final written warning on your record, or for any act of gross misconduct. Examples of gross misconduct are given below together with any other circumstance which is considered by the law as a gross negligence or misconduct.

You may also be dismissed without a warning for any act of misconduct or unsatisfactory performance during your probationary period.

15.4. Gross misconduct

Gross misconduct will usually result in dismissal without warning, with no notice or payment in lieu of notice (summary dismissal).

Gross misconduct is a serious breach of contract and includes misconduct which, in our opinion, is likely to prejudice our business or reputation or irreparably damage the working relationship and trust between us. This may include misconduct committed outside of work. The following are the matters that are legally regarded as gross misconduct:

- (1) Performing your duty dishonestly or intentionally committing a criminal offence against the Company;
- (2) Intentionally causing damage to the Company;
- (3) Causing serious damage to the Company as a result of negligence;
- (4) Violating work rules, regulations, or orders of the Company which are lawful and justified, where a written warning is given by the Company and such violation is made again within 1 year from the first violation, except in the case of serious violation that the Company may consider termination without any prior warning warning:
- (5) Absence from work without justifiable reason for 3 consecutive working days regardless of holidays in between; or
- (6) Being sentenced to imprisonment by a final court judgment, except for an offense committed by negligence or a petty offense which does not cause any damages to the Company.

16. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE

16.1. About this procedure

Most grievances can be resolved quickly and informally through discussion with your line manager. If this does not resolve the problem you should initiate the formal procedure set out below.

This procedure applies to all employees regardless of length of service.

This procedure does not form part of any employee's contract of employment. It may be amended at any time and we may depart from it depending on the circumstances of any case.

16.2. Step 1: written grievance

You should put your grievance in writing and submit it to your line manager. If your grievance concerns your line manager you may submit it to HR Director.

The written grievance should set out the nature of the complaint, including any relevant facts, dates, and names of individuals involved so that we can investigate it.

16.3. Step 2: meeting

We will arrange a grievance meeting, normally within one week of receiving your written grievance. You should make every effort to attend.

You may bring a companion to the grievance meeting if you make a reasonable request in advance and tell us the name of your chosen companion. The companion may be either a trade union representative or a colleague, who will be allowed reasonable paid time off from duties to act as your companion.

If you or your companion cannot attend at the time specified you should let us know as soon as possible and we will try, within reason, to agree an alternative time.

We may adjourn the meeting if we need to carry out further investigations, after which the meeting will usually be reconvened.

We will write to you, usually within one week of the last grievance meeting, to confirm our decision and notify you of any further action that we intend to take to resolve the grievance. We will also advise you of your right of appeal.

16.4. Step 3: appeals

If the grievance has not been resolved to your satisfaction you may appeal in writing to HR Director, stating your full grounds of appeal, within one week of the date on which the decision was sent or given to you.

We will hold an appeal meeting, normally within two weeks of receiving the appeal. This will be dealt with impartially by a [more senior] manager who has not previously been involved in the case. You will have a right to bring a companion (see paragraph 3.2).

We will confirm our final decision in writing, usually within one week of the appeal hearing. There is no further right of appeal.

17. TERMINATION AND SEVERANCE PAY

If you desire to terminate your employment with the Company, you must submit a written notice to the Company in advance of the date that the salary is paid in order to take effect on the next payment date or based on the period stated in the employment contract.

For indefinite employees, the Company may terminate the employment contract by notifying the employee in advance of or on the date that the salary is paid in order to take effect on the next payment date.

For fixed-term employees, the employment is terminated automatically at the end of the fixed-term period. In this regard, an advance notice by the Company or the employee and severance pay are not needed.

Severance Pay for Termination of an Indefinite Employment Contract

Length of Employment	Severance Pay
At least 120 days, but less than 1 year	30 days' salary
At least 1 year, but less than 3 years	90 days' salary
At least 3 years, but less than 6 years	180 days' salary
At least 6 years, but less than 10 years	240 days' salary
At least 10 years, but less than 20 years	300 days' salary
At least 20 years	400 days' salary

18. SPECIAL SEVERANCE PAY

18.1. Where the Company relocates an establishment to another place and the relocation significantly affects the ordinary way of living of the Employee or their family, the Company shall inform the Employee at least 30 days before the relocation date. However, if the Employee does not wish to work in the new location, the Employee is entitled to terminate their employment agreement within 30 days after receiving the relocation notice and the Employee shall receive a special severance pay of not less than 50% of the rate of Severance Pay under Clause 17. In case the Company fails to

inform the Employee in advance, the Company shall pay special severance pay in lieu of advance notice in an amount equivalent to 30 days salary at the latest salary rate, or equivalent to the salary of the last 30 days for those receiving salaries based on a piece rate

18.2. In the event that the Company terminates the employment of an employee as a consequence of streamlining the work units, production process, distribution service, or the introduction or change of machinery or technology, the terminated employee will be entitled to the severance pay in Clause 17. Moreover, if the terminated employee has worked consecutively for over 6 years, the employee will be entitled to an additional special severance pay at the rate of 15 days salary per one full year of service. However, the total amount of this additional special severance pay is limited to the equivalent of 360 days salary.

19. RETIREMENT

An employee who has reached the age of 60 shall have a right to communicate to the Company their intention to retire. It shall become valid upon 30 days after the Company is informed, and the Company shall pay the employee special severance pay in accordance with the applicable laws.

20. SICKNESS ABSENCE POLICY

20.1. About this policy

This policy sets out our arrangements for sick pay and for reporting and managing sickness absence.

Abuse of sickness absence, including failing to report absence or falsely claiming sick pay will be treated as misconduct under our Disciplinary Procedure.

This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and we may amend it at any time.

20.2. Reporting when you are sick

If you cannot attend work because you are sick or injured you should telephone, email, or inform by other similar ways your manager as early as possible and no later than 1 hour after the time when you are normally expected to start work.

20.3. Evidence of incapacity

You must complete a self-certification form for sickness absence of up to 3 calendar days.

For absence of more than 3 consecutive days you must obtain a certificate from your doctor stating that you are not fit for work, giving the reason. You must also complete a self-certification form to cover the first 3 days. If absence continues beyond the expiry of a certificate, a further certificate must be provided.

If your doctor provides a certificate stating that you "may be fit for work" you must inform your manager immediately. We will hold a discussion with you about how to facilitate your return to work, taking account of your doctor's advice. If appropriate measures cannot be taken, you will remain on sick leave and we will set a date for review.

20.4. Statutory sick pay

You may be entitled to take a sick leave with pay of up to 30 working days per year as long as you are actually sick and if you satisfy the relevant statutory requirements.

21. MATERNITY POLICY

21.1. About this policy

This policy outlines the statutory rights and responsibilities of employees who are pregnant or have recently given birth, and sets out the arrangements for pregnancy-related sickness, health and safety, and maternity leave.

This policy only applies to employees and does not apply to agency workers or self-employed contractors. This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and we may amend it at any time.

21.2. Entitlement to maternity leave

All employees are entitled to up to 98 days maternity leave.

21.3. Notification

Please inform us as soon as possible that you are pregnant. This is important as there may be health and safety considerations.

Before the end of the fifteenth week before the week that you expect to give birth (**Qualifying Week**), or as soon as reasonably practical afterwards, you must tell us:

- (a) the week in which your doctor or midwife expects you to give birth (**Expected Week of Childbirth**); and
- (b) the date on which you would like to start your maternity leave (Intended Start Date).

We will write to you within 28 days to tell you the date we will expect you to return to work if you take your full maternity leave entitlement (**Expected Return Date**).

Once you receive a certificate from a doctor or midwife confirming your Expected Week of Childbirth, you must provide us with a copy.

21.4. Starting maternity leave

The earliest you can start maternity leave is 1 month before the Expected Week of Childbirth (unless your child is born prematurely before that date).

If you want to change your Intended Start Date please tell us in writing. You should give us as much notice as you can, but wherever possible you must tell us at least 28 days before the original Intended Start Date (or the new start date if you are bringing the date forward). We will then write to you within 28 days to tell you your new expected return date.

Your maternity leave should normally start on the Intended Start Date. However, it may start earlier if you give birth before your Intended Start Date, or if you are absent for a pregnancy-related reason in the last four weeks before your Expected Week of Childbirth. In either of those cases, maternity leave will start on the following day.

Shortly before your maternity leave is due to start we will discuss with you the arrangements for covering your work and the opportunities for you to remain in contact, should you wish to do so, during your leave. [Unless you request otherwise, you will remain on circulation lists for internal news, job vacancies, training and work-related social events.]

21.5. Maternity pay

Statutory maternity pay (**SMP**) is payable for 45 days.

21.6. Returning to work

You must return to work on the Expected Return Date unless you tell us otherwise. If you wish to return to work earlier than the Expected Return Date, you must give us eight

weeks' prior notice of the date. It is helpful if you give this notice in writing. You may be able to return later than the Expected Return Date if you request annual leave or parental leave, which will be at our discretion.

You are normally entitled to return to work in the position you held before starting maternity leave, and on the same terms of employment. Exceptions may occur in particular circumstances in accordance and with limits of applicable law.

If you want to change your hours or other working arrangements on return from maternity leave you should make a request to your line manager. Acceptance of such change is at sole discretion of your line manager.

If you decide you do not want to return to work you should give notice of resignation in accordance with your contract.

22. STERILIZATION LEAVE POLICY

You are entitled to take a leave with pay for sterilization within a period specified in a medical certificate.

23. NECESSARY BUSINESS LEAVE POLICY

You are entitled to take 3 days of leave with pay per year for performing necessary business which could not be done on normal working days.

24. TRAINING LEAVE POLICY

You are entitled to take a leave for a training course or knowledge development without pay as follows;

- i. For the interests of labour and labour welfare or the increase of skill to improve the employee's working efficiency
- ii. For an educational examination organized or permitted to be organized by the government but not including further educational leave.

Notification requirements

You must submit a notice of leave to the employer at least 60 days in advance and may take this leave only after obtaining permission from the company.

25. MILITARY SERVICE LEAVE

25.1. Military Service Leave

You are entitled to take paid military service leave up to 60 days a year for military inspection, military drilling, or for readiness testing under the law concerning military service (except for conscription)

26. HEALTH AND SAFETY POLICY

26.1. About this policy

This policy sets out our arrangements for ensuring we meet our health and safety obligations to staff and anyone visiting our premises or affected by our work.

CEO has overall responsibility for health and safety and the operation of this policy.

This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and we may amend it at any time. We will continue to review this policy to ensure it is achieving its aims.

26.2. Your responsibilities

All staff share responsibility for achieving safe working conditions. You must take care of your own health and safety and that of others, observe applicable safety rules and follow instructions for the safe use of equipment.

You should report any health and safety concerns immediately to your line manager.

You must co-operate with managers on health and safety matters, including the investigation of any incident.

Failure to comply with this policy may be treated as misconduct and dealt with under our Disciplinary Procedure.

26.3. Information and consultation

We will inform and consult trade regarding health and safety matters.

26.4. Training

We will ensure that you are given adequate training and supervision to perform your work competently and safely.

26.5. Equipment

You must use equipment in accordance with any instructions given to you. Any equipment fault or damage must immediately be reported to your line manager. Do not attempt to repair equipment unless trained to do so.

26.6. Accidents and first aid

All accidents and injuries at work, however minor, should be reported to your line manager and recorded in the Accident Book which is kept on Company's intranet.

26.7. Risk assessments and measures to control risk

We carry out general workplace risk assessments periodically. The purpose is to assess the risks to health and safety of employees, visitors and other third parties as a result of our activities, and to identify any measures that need to be taken to control those risks.

26.8. Computers and display screen equipment

Information on workstation assessments, eye tests and the use of DSE can be obtained from your line manager.

26.9. Fire Alarm

Employees should follow these steps to help prevent fires:

Before you use any electrical appliances carry out a quick check to make sure that the cables, plugs etc are not damaged.

Do not use any electrical equipment that shows signs of damage, even if you think it is only minor. Report any faults you find to your line manager and find an alternative appliance.

Ensure that you place your rubbish in the waste bins. Do not overfill the bins and ensure that your waste bin is accessible to the cleaners at the end of each day.

27. PRIVACY STANDARD - DATA PROTECTION POLICY

27.1. About this policy

Deel is a data controller. In order to meet its obligations as a Data Controller the Company will comply with all statutory requirements of the Personal Data Protection Act of Thailand ("PDPA") by registering all personal data held on its computer and/or related electronic equipment and by taking all reasonable steps to ensure the accuracy and confidentiality of such information.

PDPA protects individuals' rights concerning information about them held on computer or in Paper format. Anyone processing personal data must comply with the eight principles of good practice. Data must be:

- (a) Fairly and lawfully processed
- (b) Processed for limited purposes
- (c) Adequate, relevant and not excessive
- (d) Not kept longer than necessary
- (e) Processed in accordance with the data subject's rights
- (f) Secure
- (g) Not transferred to countries without adequate protection.

Employees can request access to the information held on them by the Company by submitting, in writing, a Subject Access Request (SAR) addressed to the Data Controller. The Data Controller will comply with all SAR's within one month. Any SAR may be refused or charged for, if they are unfounded or excessive. In the event that a SAR is refused, the Data Controller will inform you why, giving details of the supervisory authority and judicial remedy without undue delay and at the latest, within one month.

27.2. Privacy Notice

The organisation collects and processes personal data relating to its employees, in order to manage the employment relationship. The organisation is committed to being transparent about how it collects and uses that data and to meeting its data protection obligations.

What information does the organisation collect?

The organisation collects and processes a range of information about you in accordance with the PDPA. This includes:

(a) Your name, address and contact details, including email addresses and telephone number, date of birth and gender.

- (b) The terms and conditions of your employment.
- (c) Details of your qualifications, skills, experience and employment history, including start and end dates, with previous employers and with the organisation.
- (d) Information about your remuneration, including entitlement to benefits such as pensions or other insurance cover.
- (e) Information about your marital status, next of kin, dependants and emergency contacts.
- (f) Information about your nationality and entitlement to work in Thailand.
- (g) Details of your schedule (days of work and working hours) and attendance at work.
- (h) Details of periods of leave taken by you, including holiday, sickness absence, family leave and the reasons for the leave.
- (i) Details of any disciplinary or grievance procedures in which you have been involved, including any warnings issued to you and related correspondence.
- (j) Assessments of your performance, including appraisals, performance reviews and ratings, performance improvement plans and related correspondence.
- (k) Information about medical or health conditions, including whether or not you have a disability for which the organisation needs to make reasonable adjustments.

The organisation may collect this information in a variety of ways. For example, data might be collected through application forms, CVs: obtained from your passport or other identity documents such as your driving licence; from forms completed by you at the start of or during employment (such as benefit nomination forms): from correspondence with you: or through interviews, meetings or other assessments.

In some cases, the organisation may collect personal data about you from third parties, such as references supplied by former employers. The organisation seeks information from third parties with your consent only.

Data will be stored in a range of different places, including in your personnel file, in the organisation's HR Management systems and in other IT systems (including the organisations email system)

The organisation needs to process data to enter into an employment contract with you and to meet its obligations under your employment contract. For example, it needs to

process your data to provide you with an employment contract, to pay you in accordance with your employment contract and to administer benefit, pension and insurance entitlements.

In some cases, the organisation needs to process data to ensure that it is complying with its legal obligations.

In other cases, the organisation has a legitimate interest in processing personal data before, during and after the end of the employment relationship. Processing employee data allows the organisation to:

- (a) Run recruitment and promotion processes.
- (b) Maintain accurate and up-to-date employment records and contact details including details of who to contact in the event of an emergency, and records of employee contractual and statutory rights.
- (c) Operate and keep a record of disciplinary and grievance processes, to ensure acceptable conduct within the workplace.
- (d) Operate and keep a record of employee performance and related processes. To plan for career development and for succession planning and workforce management purposes.
- (e) Operate and keep a record of absence and absence management procedures, to allow effective workforce management and ensure that employees are receiving the pay or other benefits to which they are entitled.
- (f) Ensure effective general HR and business administration.
- (g) Provide references on request for current or former employees
- (h) Respond to and defend against legal claims.
- (i) Maintain and promote equality in the workplace.

Some special categories of personal data, such as information about health or medical conditions, is processed to carry out employment law obligations (such as those in relation to employees with disabilities).

Where the organisation processes other special categories of personal data, such as information about ethnic origin, sexual orientation, health or religion or belief, this is done for the purposes of equal opportunities monitoring. Employees are entirely free to decide whether or not to provide such data and there are no consequences of failing to do so.

Your information may be shared internally, including with members of the HR and recruitment team including payroll, your line manager, managers in the business area in which you work and IT staff if access to the data is necessary for the performance of their roles.

The organisation shares your data with third parties in order to obtain pre-employment references from other employers, obtain employment background checks from third-party providers. The organisation may also share your data with third parties in the context of a sale of some or all of its business. In those instances, the data will be subject to confidentiality arrangements.

The organisation also shares your data with third parties that process data on its behalf, in connection with payroll, pension, the provision of benefits and the provision of occupational health services.

The organisation may transfer your data to countries outside Thailand. In these cases, the organisation ensures that any third-party providers agree to maintain and protect your data in a manner which is in accordance with PDPA.

The organisation takes the security of your data seriously. The organisation has internal policies and controls in place to try to ensure that your data is not lost, accidentally destroyed, misused or disclosed and is not accessed except by its employees in the performance of their duties. System restrictions, passwords and due diligence is followed by our infrastructure team and all paper copies of your data are kept securely locked/accessed only by the HR Manager.

Where the organisation engages third parties to process personal data on its behalf, they do so on the basis of written instructions, are under a duty of confidentiality and are obliged to implement appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure the security of data.

The organisation will hold your personal data for the duration of your employment. The period for which your data is held after the end of employment, is ten years.

27.3. Your Rights

As a data subject, you have a number of rights. You can:

- (a) Access and obtain a copy of your data on request
- (b) Require the organisation to change incorrect or incomplete data

- (c) Require the organisation to delete or stop processing your data, for example where the data is no longer necessary for the purposes of processing
- (d) Object to the processing of your data where the organisation is relying on its legitimate interests as the legal ground for processing.

If you would like to exercise any of these rights, please contact your line manager.

If you believe that the organisation has not complied with your data protection rights, you can complain to the Information commissioner.

You have some obligations under your employment contract to provide the organisation with data. In particular, you are required to report absences from work and may be required to provide information about disciplinary or other matters under the implied duty of good faith. You may also have to provide the organisation with data in order to exercise your statutory leave entitlements. Failing to provide the data may mean that you are unable to exercise your statutory rights.

Certain information, such as contact details, your right to work and payment details, have to be provided to enable the organisation to enter a contract of employment with you. If you do not provide other information, this will hinder the organisation's ability to administer the rights and obligations arising as a result of the employment relationship efficiently.

Employment decisions are not based solely on automated decision-making.

27.4. Changes in personal information for Employment Purposes

It is important that our records are correct, as inaccurate or out of date information may affect your salary or cause difficulties in situations where contact is required for emergencies. You must notify your HR Manager immediately of all changes to the following information:

- (a) Name
- (b) Home Address
- (c) Telephone number
- (d) Bank account details
- (e) Examinations passed/qualifications gained
- (f) Emergency contacts
- (g) Driving licence penalties (if you are required to drive on Company business)

(h) Conflict, or potential conflict of interest

Personal data on employees is held in accordance with the provisions of the PDPA Policy.

28. IT AND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS POLICY

28.1. About this policy

Our IT and communications systems are intended to promote effective communication and working practices. This policy outlines the standards you must observe when using these systems, when we will monitor their use, and the action we will take if you breach these standards.

Breach of this policy may be dealt with under our Disciplinary Procedure and, in serious cases, may be treated as gross misconduct leading to summary dismissal.

This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and we may amend it at any time.

28.2. Equipment security and passwords

You are responsible for the security of the equipment allocated to or used by you, and you must not allow it to be used by anyone other than in accordance with this policy. You should use passwords on all IT equipment, particularly items that you take out of the office. You should keep your passwords confidential and change them regularly.

You must only log on to our systems using your own username and password. You must not use another person's username and password or allow anyone else to log on using your username and password.

If you are away from your desk you should log out or lock your computer. You must log out and shut down your computer at the end of each working day.

28.3. Systems and data security

You should not delete, destroy or modify existing systems, programs, information or data (except as authorised in the proper performance of your duties).

You must not download or install software from external sources without authorisation from your line manager. Downloading unauthorised software may interfere with our systems and may introduce viruses or other malware.

You must not attach any device or equipment including mobile phones, tablet computers or USB storage devices to our systems without authorisation from your line manager.

We may monitor all e-mails passing through our system for viruses. You should exercise particular caution when opening unsolicited e-mails from unknown sources. If an e-mail looks suspicious do not reply to it, open any attachments or click any links in it.

Inform your line manager immediately if you suspect your computer may have a virus.

28.4. E-mail

Adopt a professional tone and observe appropriate etiquette when communicating with third parties by e-mail.

Remember that e-mails can be used in legal proceedings and that even deleted e-mails may remain on the system and be capable of being retrieved.

You must not send abusive, obscene, discriminatory, racist, harassing, derogatory, defamatory, pornographic or otherwise inappropriate e-mails.

You should not:

- (a) send or forward private e-mails at work which you would not want a third party to read;
- (b) send or forward chain mail, junk mail, cartoons, jokes or gossip;
- (c) contribute to system congestion by sending trivial messages or unnecessarily copying or forwarding e-mails to others who do not have a real need to receive them; or
- (d) send messages from another person's e-mail address (unless authorised) or under an assumed name.

Do not use your own personal e-mail account to send or receive e-mail for the purposes of our business. Only use the e-mail account we have provided for you.

28.5. Prohibited use of our systems

Misuse or excessive personal use of our telephone or e-mail system or inappropriate internet use will be dealt with under our Disciplinary Procedure. Misuse of the internet can in some cases be a criminal offence.

Creating, viewing, accessing, transmitting or downloading any of the following material will usually amount to gross misconduct (this list is not exhaustive):

- (a) pornographic material (that is, writing, pictures, films and video clips of a sexually explicit or arousing nature);
- (b) offensive, obscene, or criminal material or material which is liable to cause embarrassment to us or to our clients;
- (c) a false and defamatory statement about any person or organisation;
- (d) material which is discriminatory, offensive, derogatory or may cause embarrassment to others (including material which breaches our Equal Opportunities Policy or our Anti-harassment and Bullying Policy);
- (e) confidential information about us or any of our staff or clients (except as authorised in the proper performance of your duties);
- (f) unauthorised software;
- (g) any other statement which is likely to create any criminal or civil liability (for you or us); or
- (h) music or video files or other material in breach of copyright.

29. SOCIAL MEDIA POLICY

29.1. About this policy

This policy is in place to minimise the risks to our business through use of social media.

This policy deals with the use of all forms of social media, including but not limited to Facebook, LinkedIn, Twitter, Google+, Wikipedia, Instagram and all other social networking sites, internet postings and blogs. It applies to use of social media for business purposes as well as personal use that may affect our business in any way.

This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and we may amend it at any time.

29.2. Personal use of social media

Occasional personal use of social media during working hours is permitted so long as it does not involve unprofessional or inappropriate content, does not interfere with your employment responsibilities or productivity and complies with this policy.

29.3. Prohibited use

You must avoid making any social media communications that could damage our business interests or reputation, even indirectly.

You must not use social media to defame or disparage us, our staff or any third party; to harass, bully or unlawfully discriminate against staff or third parties; to make false or misleading statements; or to impersonate colleagues or third parties.

You must not express opinions on our behalf via social media, unless expressly authorised to do so by your manager. You may be required to undergo training in order to obtain such authorisation.

You must not post comments about sensitive business-related topics, such as our performance, or do anything to jeopardise our trade secrets, confidential information and intellectual property. You must not include our logos or other trademarks in any social media posting or in your profile on any social media.

The contact details of business contacts made during the course of your employment are our confidential information. On termination of employment you must provide us with a copy of all such information, delete all such information from your personal social networking accounts and destroy any further copies of such information that you may have.

Any misuse of social media should be reported to your line manager

29.4. Guidelines for responsible use of social media

You should make it clear in social media postings, or in your personal profile, that you are speaking on your own behalf. Write in the first person and use a personal e-mail address.

Be respectful to others when making any statement on social media and be aware that you are personally responsible for all communications which will be published on the internet for anyone to see.

If you disclose your affiliation with us on your profile or in any social media postings, you must state that your views do not represent those of your employer (unless you have

been authorised to speak on our behalf). You should also ensure that your profile and any content you post are consistent with the professional image you present to clients and colleagues.

If you are uncertain or concerned about the appropriateness of any statement or posting, refrain from posting it until you have discussed it with your manager.

If you see social media content that disparages or reflects poorly on us, you should contact your manager

29.5. Breach of this policy

Breach of this policy may result in disciplinary action up to and including dismissal. [Any member of staff suspected of committing a breach of this policy will be required to co-operate with our investigation.

You may be required to remove any social media content that we consider to constitute a breach of this policy. Failure to comply with such a request may in itself result in disciplinary action.